

# THE GETTYSBURG TIMES.

THIRTEENTH YEAR

GETTYSBURG, PA., WEDNESDAY, MARCH 3d, 1915.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

25 Per Cent

## WE WILL CONTINUE

25 Per Cent

OUR OFFER OF 25 Per Cent

REDUCTION ON THE FOLLOWING  
GOODS UNTIL SATURDAY MAR. 6TH.

ON THE FOLLOWING GOODS:—

ALL KINDS WINTER UNDERWEAR  
ALL KINDS SWEATERS  
ALL KINDS WARM LINED SHOES  
ALL KINDS CAPS WITH EAR PROTECTORS  
ALL KINDS WARM LINED GLOVES  
ALL KINDS HIGH TOP SHOES  
ALL KINDS FLANNEL PAJAMAS AND NIGHT ROBES  
ALL KINDS FELT SLIPPERS AND SHOES

No Goods are Withheld in this Sale—Here is your Opportunity—  
SALE ENDS SATURDAY, MAR. 6

25 Per Cent

## Eckert's Store

"ON THE SQUARE"

25 Per Cent

## PHOTOPLAY

THE LIFE PHOTO FILM CORPORATION PRESENTS

### "THE AVALANCHE"

A five part production—recently released, featuring CATHERINE COUNTISS

Grey a member of the stock exchange is paying court to Clara Felton, but she, aspiring for great wealth, marries a millionaire, well up in years. She still loves Grey, and even after he marries, tries to continue her love affair with him. Clara's husband dies, leaving her all. She then tries to corner the market on Avalanche stock, to reduce Grey to all but ruin and then come to his rescue. Her plans would have worked all right had not some others entered whom she did not count on.

In addition to this five reel feature there will be run.

TOO MUCH BURGLAR.....VITAGRAPH COMEDY  
With MAURICE COSTELLO leading the cast.

SHOW STARTS 6:15.....ADMISSION 10c. CHILDREN 5

TO-MORROW:—KEYSTONE COMEDY, in fact whole comedy show.

## WALTER'S THEATRE

MATINEE AND NIGHT

AN EXTRA VOTING SLIP WITH EACH TICKET

ALL BABIES ENTERED IN CONTEST SHOWN TO-DAY

Two voting slips will be given with each ticket to-day when all the babies entered in this contest will be shown. Now is the time to begin your voting. MATINEE AT 2:30 P. M. EVENING SHOW STARTS AT 6:15 and runs continuous until 11 P. M.

HER BITTER LESSON.....KALEM DRAMA  
IN TWO PARTS WITH AN ALL STAR CAST.

Unable to break his wife of her extravagance, the millionaire, feigns dire poverty. Compelled to perform a servants work, she comes to the realization of her folly.

PATHE DAILY NEWS.....NO. 12  
The animated newspaper of world-wide current events.

Show Starts 6:15.....Admission 5 Cents

## OF CIGARS

We believe we carry the best representative  
line in town from a stogie to a 15 cent  
De Bona.

Try a Black and White 5Ct.

(Best Cigar Value in Town.)

## People's -:- Drug -:- Store

(SEE OUR WINDOW.)

## Wondering What the Spring Styles Will Be?

We are showing the most popular styles in  
Derbies and Soft Hats.

High quality and low price and the naggiest  
styles is the policy at our store.

See the best styles in our window as you pass

## ROGERS, MARTIN COMPANY

## MID-WINTER SALE

14 oz Copper Tea Kettles, 89c each.  
Rochester wash boilers, \$1.25 each.

## Bigham's Hardware Store

Biglerville, Pa.

## TWO GETTYSBURG BILLS PRESENTED

Representative Rudisill Wants Taneytown Road Made State Highway. Senator Polton Seeks Two New Monuments for Field.

Both the State Senate and the House of Representatives at Harrisburg received bills on Tuesday directly concerning Gettysburg.

Representative Rudisill, of Adams County, presented a bill providing that the portion of the Taneytown road, from the southern limits of the battlefield back of Big Round Top, to the Maryland state line near Harney shall be made a Pennsylvania highway and be added to the original plan as provided in the Sproul bill of several years ago.

The road from Steinwehr avenue, Gettysburg, to a point beyond the United States arsenal is already macadamized after the method of the other battlefield avenues, and it is believed that the national government will later build the road from its present terminus to Wright avenue. The road as provided by Mr. Rudisill's bill would lead, as at present, through Barlow to the Maryland line near Harney.

It is understood that the Maryland State Roads Commission will consider favorably the building of the remaining link from Taneytown if the Pennsylvania Commission takes the action indicated. The distance for this State to build would be 4.9 miles. Should the plan carry, it will connect Gettysburg with a number of important Maryland highways which center in and about Taneytown.

State Senator Polton introduced a bill on Tuesday appropriating \$35,000 for the erection of statues on the Gettysburg battlefield of Generals Crawford and Gibbons, Pennsylvania officers in command of divisions at the battle here. The appropriation would also cover repairs to the State memorial, and the expenses necessary to carry the law into effect.

Action on both bills will be watched with considerable interest locally.

## TO BECOME PASTOR

Accepts Call from Monocacy Charge of Lutheran Church.

Rev. Charles A. Shilke, of Lineboro, has accepted the call extended to him to become pastor of the Monocacy Valley charge of the Lutheran church in Frederick county, and will take up the active duties of the pastorate about the first of June. He is at present at the Gettysburg Theological Seminary.

Beginning on Sunday, March 14, Rev. Mr. Shilke will fill the pulpits regularly in all three churches of the charge, but will not locate at the parsonage at Walkersville until later. The charge is composed of the churches at Creagerstown, Bethel and Walkersville, and is said to be in a flourishing condition. A unanimous call was extended to Rev. Mr. Shilke recently.

## SALE REPORTS

Prices Realized by Farmers at their Sales.

One of the best sales held in the county this year was that of Miller and Musselman in Hamilton township on Tuesday. It was largely attended and amounted to \$327,79. The best horse brought \$225, the best cow \$119, the best brood sow \$35. A 16 months old bull sold for \$102 and a seven weeks' old calf for \$60. A year old colt brought \$200. Shoats sold from \$4 to \$6. George J. Martz called the sale and Spangler and Son were the clerks.

John Dutterra's sale in Straban township on Tuesday amounted to \$203,491. A pair of mules sold for \$345. The best horse brought \$189, and the best cow \$70. G. R. Thompson called the sale and the clerks were Mackley and Son.

## MAKE INSPECTION

Reading Railroad Men Pay Visit to Gettysburg.

M. A. Laucks, R. J. Stackhouse, R. B. Abbott and N. H. Shaffer, Reading Railroad officials, arrived in Gettysburg this morning in their private car No. 102. They are making their usual monthly inspection.

## TO SOLICIT FOR BASE BALL TEAM

Directors of Gettysburg Club Held Meeting and Discussed Manner of Securing Sufficient Finances. Liberal Response Expected.

That personal solicitation for funds to finance the Gettysburg base ball club shall be started within a few days was determined upon this afternoon at a meeting of the directors held in the office of S. S. Neely Esq. The Blue Ridge League is a certainty and Gettysburg's entrance into organized base ball is equally sure, so that fans will likely be more ready than ever before to give the directors a generous response.

It is the belief of the directors that \$1500 should be raised in order to finance the team. It is anticipated that ten \$25 subscriptions will be forthcoming, while a large number of \$10 and \$5 subscriptions will swell the total, and smaller donations will add materially to the fund. Benefit plays and picture shows will also be used, and it is the belief that the town will respond quickly to the efforts to give Gettysburg a prominent place on the base ball map.

The fund to be raised by those methods will, of course, pay but a small proportion of the year's expenses but the balance will be met by receipts from the games. Every game in which Gettysburg takes part, whether at home or abroad, will have its proceeds divided equally between the two teams playing, five per cent being taken out first for the League treasury for umpires and other expenses.

With the team Gettysburg expects to place in the field this summer, it is believed that a standing well up among the leaders will be attained and this will naturally give Gettysburg good attendance no matter where the team may be playing. Ira Plank has his men well lined up for the season and, when the first game is played late in May, practically the entire line-up will be on hand, and the general character of the team will be shown.

The general sentiment in the town has been tested out and is declared to be almost unanimously in favor of league ball so that a cordial response to the solicitation of President Neely and his associate directors is confidently anticipated when the canvass for funds is begun.

## ANOTHER BRIDGE

Commissioners of the County Hold Weekly Session.

Business transacted by the Adams County commissioners at their meeting on Tuesday included the hearing of a request for a bridge over Marsh Creek at the Charles Toot farm on the Emmitsburg road, the authorization of \$1000 additional being put to the sinking fund of the county to redeem outstanding bonds, and the election of N. R. Beamer president, George W. Baker secretary, and George E. Spangler treasurer of the commission having this sinking fund in charge. The membership includes the commissioners, the auditors and the county treasurer.

## HEADS WIRELESS

County Boy President of Unique Organization in Waynesboro.

Russell Poteriff of this county has been chosen president of the Waynesboro Radio Association.

The association, which has been in existence for the past year, has made good progress in its work so far and has a good sized membership. At present ten members have stations at their homes.

Some of the members have their equipment arranged on top of the houses, while others have it on a regular wireless frame in the back yard. Temporary call letters are assigned to each member.

## TRANSFERRED

Rev. Fr. Rice Goes to Harrisburg Parish.

Rev. George L. Rice Jr., formerly stationed at Mont Alto, has been transferred to Sacred Heart parish, Harrisburg, succeeding Rev. Fr. Dailley, formerly of McSherrystown, who is now stationed at St. Mary's, Harrisburg. Rev. Fr. Rice, is a son of Dr. George L. Rice, of McSherrystown.

## COUNCIL HOLDS MARCH MEETING

Will Quarantine Dogs, will Build Curbs, and Likely Change Board of Health Ordinance to Shorten Mumps Quarantine.

The authorization of a 100-day dog quarantine, the decision to construct more concrete curbs and gutters, the ordering of Gettysburg College to lay two squares of pavements and curbs, and the proposed change to board of health regulations regarding the length of quarantines for minor diseases, were the principal points in Tuesday evening's meeting of the town council which developed so much personal unpleasantness among the members that President Butt took occasion to reprove several of them before the close of the session.

Dr. Moriarty appeared to urge the dog quarantine, and as soon as the necessary notices can be placed, Chief Emmons will be given instructions to shoot all dogs that appear on the streets without muzzles.

Upon recommendation of Councilman Gilbert, the highway committee was authorized to lay curbs and gutters on both sides of Baltimore street from Middle street to the cemetery. Upon recommendation of Councilman Baughman the committee was instructed to give Breckenridge street the same attention from Baltimore to Washington street. Council ordered the college to build pavements and curbs on the west side of Washington street from Water street to Lincoln avenue. Sixty days time was given in which to do the work.

Members of council felt that 10 days was sufficient quarantine for mumps and other minor diseases and that the board of health should regard the on-set of the disease rather than the time of report as the beginning of the quarantine period. The ordinance committee was given the question and will report at the next meeting.

It developed from bids submitted by local contractors that improvements to the engine house as proposed by Fire Chief Plank would cost between \$1400 and \$1500 and council unanimously opposed so great an expenditure. Revised plans will be presented to cover the most pressing needs.

Other business of the council included the granting of \$10 to each of the police toward their spring uniforms, the discussion, but failure to act, on the roller skating "nuisance", and the raising of the borough horse's board bill from \$12 to \$15 a month.

Throughout the meeting the feeling caused by the letting of the light contract without waiting for the committee's report on the bids of the company, cropped out at intervals, and Councilman Gilbert implied that Mr. Stock was allowing his feeling about that to govern his attitude on other matters. Mr. Stock retaliated by saying "Yes, and I might bring in other things, too." "Tell all you know", retorted Mr. Gilbert.

Mr. Butt, near the close of the meeting, expressed his disapproval of the apparent feeling which certain members held toward others and said that it could do nothing but impair the effectiveness of the council. The fact that they had not "had their own way" was no reason, he said, why they should hold a personal enmity.

Mr. Trostle and Mr. Stock took the remarks to themselves and said there was nothing personal about the whole matter but that council's action last month had lacked both business methods and courtesy. Both said council and citizens would suffer through awarding the contract to the present company, Mr. Stock saying that instead of saving \$1000 a year, it would be only a few hundred, and Mr. Trostle saying that the council had been fooled, and that the lights would not be satisfactory. Both remarked that the light committee had proposed to put up more lights than the new contract calls for and had expected to give longer hours on moonlight nights.

## CLOSE SEASON WITH VICTORY

Gettysburg Basket Ball Team Has Best Season in its History. Games Lost were by Small Margins. Strong Teams Defeated.

When Gettysburg frolicked away with Mt. St. Mary's on the floor of the local gymnasium Tuesday evening and defeated the quintet from Emmitsburg by the score of 57 to 30, they completed one of the most successful basket ball seasons in the history of the local school. The visiting team Tuesday night showed both speed and form but were at no time, after the first five minutes of play, in the running, Gettysburg's remarkable team work and passing being the best seen here for a long time.

A large crowd witnessed the game and the enthusiasm was at fever heat throughout. Rapid passing and accurate shooting during the two halves demonstrated the worth of the Gettysburg team as never before and it was the unanimous opinion that such basket ball could not fail to win should Gettysburg qualify for the finals in the Inter-Collegiate League.

From games won and lost, the season now closed does not seem to be such a remarkable success, nine of each being recorded. But the scores show a far different condition. Two of the games lost were by only one point, and only one of the defeats—that by Lafayette—was decisive. Bucknell and Franklin and Marshall were both defeated twice. The strong Pittsburgh and Carnegie Tech teams had all they could do to beat Gettysburg, and Penn State found them one of the hardest propositions of the year.

Where Gettysburg lost away from home, and a return game was played here, the Gettysburg game was always won by a much larger margin than the foreign game was lost, indicating the result if the team were to be met on a neutral floor. All told, the season was a decided success as a study of the results of the eighteen contests will demonstrate.

Gettysburg	40,	Muhlenberg	22
Gettysburg	28,	Lehigh	36
Gettysburg	41,	Albright	22
Gettysburg	30,	Pittsburgh	41
Gettysburg	37,	Carnegie Tech	44
Gettysburg	44,	Bucknell	27
Gettysburg	26,	Penn State	34
Gettysburg	45,	Lehigh	22
Gettysburg	21,	Albright	31
Gettysburg	47,	Muhlenberg	48
Gettysburg	20,	Lafayette	35
Gettysburg	33,	F. and M.	32
Gettysburg	55,	F. and M.	31
Gettysburg	54,	Bucknell	29
Gettysburg	16,	Mt. St. Mary's	27
Gettysburg	49,	Susquehanna	26
Gettysburg	57,	Mt. St. Mary's	30
Gettysburg	643,	Opponents	537

Individual mention of the members of the team is scarcely necessary. Captain Mahaffie's floor work and foul shooting contributed largely during the season to make his direction of the team so successful. Campbell and Williams are among the best players in collegiate circles, while Ikeler and Turnbull, at guard, were responsible for many points saved. Ikeler is the only member of the team lost by graduation, and a number of likely substitutes will compete for his position next year.

## NEELY—WEAVER

Wedding at the Home of Jacob Weaver, Straban Township.

At one o'clock this afternoon at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob M. Weaver, near Hunterstown, their daughter, Miss Anna G. Weaver, was married to Donald H. Neely, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Upton Neely, Fairfield.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. D. W. Woods in the presence of a large number of relatives and friends. The bride and bridegroom were unattended. Luncheon was served after the wedding, and during the afternoon the newlyweds left for a trip to Philadelphia and other cities.

Upon their return they will reside about a mile from Fairfield where the bridegroom is engaged in farming.

## DIVORCE GRANTED

Separation Papers Awarded in Adams County Court.

Mrs. Mary Runkle has been granted a divorce from Mansheim Runkle, of Hanover.

## LETTERS FROM COUNTY TOWNS

Correspondents send in Many Items of Interesting News from their Respective Towns. Personal and Many Brief Items.

## BONNEAUVILLE

Bonneauville—Harry E. Melhorn, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Melhorn, of New Oxford, and Miss Mary R. Miller, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Miller, of Bonneauville, were married in the Cathedral at Harrisburg February 10, by Rev. Fr. Thomas Johnson.

The bride wore a blue coat suit with hat to match. They spent their honeymoon in Harrisburg and York visiting Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Adams and family.

They will go to housekeeping in New Oxford where Mr. Melhorn will open a restaurant. The young couple have the hearty good wishes of a wide circle of friends.

Miss Bertha Kinzer has returned to York after spending the past month at the home of Jerome Golden.

Jacob Staub was called to the bedside of his mother in Baltimore Saturday. She is 91 years old and suffering from heart trouble.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Augustine Hawn, February 25, a daughter.

Miss Stella Keffer, of McSherrystown, was a recent guest of the Misses Strausbaugh.

Joseph Staub spent Friday in Littlestown.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Gebhart spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Hawn.

Miss Regina Chrismer has returned home from Harrisburg where she spent the past month at the home of her brother-in-law and sister, Mr. and Mrs. Homer Claggett.

Leo Frommeyer received word Saturday that his father John Frommeyer had died in New York from pleuro pneumonia. He went to New York to attend the funeral.

## ARENDTSTVILLE

Arendtville—During the mild weather we had last week some of our farmers began their spring ploughing but the cold wave has stopped that work.

Mrs. Leroy Merriman heads the list in this town for early young chicks. She has two hens that brought out fifteen chicks ten days ago.

Rev. D. T. Koser is moving into one of Pius S. Orner's new houses on Pearl street, until the new Lutheran parsonage is built this summer.

Ralph Heckenluber, who was struck over his forehead and cut and bruised by a piece of wood thrown from a circular saw in P. S. Orner's barrel factory, is slowly improving.

Miss Ethel Fidler, of Biglerville, was a recent visitor in the home of Miss Celia Arendt.

## SECRETARY NAMED

Well Known York Man Appointed by Mr. Beales.

S. S. Lewis, of York, has been appointed secretary to Congressman-elect Beales who will take office on Thursday. Mr. Beales will maintain an office in York for his constituents in that county. In Gettysburg his offices will be in the Crawford building.

## MEETINGS

Town Organizations to Meet in Regular Session.

The Choral Society will meet tomorrow (Thursday) at 8 p. m. Every member is expected to attend.

Mary Schick W. C. T. U. will meet with Miss Louise Stahle, Baltimore street, Thursday afternoon at 2:30.

## LOST GAME

Local Basket Ball Players Met Defeat at McSherrystown.

The Xavier Catholic Club of Gettysburg were defeated by a basket ball team, representing St. Mary's Club, McSherrystown, at the latter place Tuesday evening by the score of 30 to 19.

## COMING EVENTS

Mar. 4—Junior-Freshman Debate. Brua Chapel.  
Mar. 18—Entertainment Clarence L. Bergderfer. Brua Chapel.

GIRL wanted: Apply Times office.—advertisement

# THE GETTYSBURG TIMES

Published Daily Except Sunday  
Times and News Publishing Company

W. LAVERE HAFER,  
Secretary and Treasurer.

PHILIP R. BIKLE,  
President.

PHILIP R. BIKLE, Editor.

SUBSCRIPTION Served by carrier in Gettysburg for 25 cents per month.  
Mailed outside of Gettysburg for 25 cents per month.  
Single copies to non-subscribers, 2 cents.

If you receive THE TIMES by mail you can find the date up to which you are paid on the pink address label on your paper. The date will be changed within ten days after your money is received at The Times Office.

Entered August 15, 1904, at Gettysburg, Pa., as second-class matter, under Act of Congress March 3, 1879.

BELL PHONE UNITED PHONE  
Office in Northwest corner of Centre Square, Gettysburg, Pennsylvania.

Want ads. One cent per word each insertion. Two cents a word if guaranteed first page position. Resolutions of respect, poetry and memorials one cent per word.

**It is never too soon to Clean**  
and it was never so easy as with  
these modern helps we have ready

Stretchers  
Tacks  
Pullers  
Hammers  
Chi Namel  
Valentines  
O cedar  
Other popular waxes  
and stains.

These and any other of the various articles you may  
need in the **HARDWARE** line are here in abundance.

Our Window shows some of these things.

May we serve you?

**Adams County Hardware Co.**

## LIME.

We will unload Lime off the car a  
week, beginning  
**MONDAY, MARCH 1, '15.**  
Haul your lime and save the advance  
**Asper's Milling & Produce Co.**

## Spring and Summer Woolens

In the newest Colorings  
and Designs

**BREHM,**  
THE TAILOR.

### PUBLIC SALE O EIGHTY HEAD OF STOCK

FRIDAY, MARCH 5, 1915

The undersigned will sell at the  
residence of Edgar McDannel, on  
their farm formerly known as the  
George Minter farm, situated 1/2 mile  
west of Arendtsville the following  
described personal property:

#### 3 HEAD OF HORSES

1 black mare 14 years old, will  
work wherever hitched, a good driver,  
fearless of all road objects, will weigh  
1200 lbs.; 2 one-year old colts sired by  
J. B. Twining's Belgian stallion Jean  
Du Simu, one a mare, the other a  
horse colt.

#### 24 HEAD OF HIGH-GRADE CATTLE

Consisting of 9 milk cows, 2 Hol-  
stein with calves by their sides, 7  
Guernseys, 2 will be fresh by day of  
sale, 1 in April, 1 in May, 2 in Sep-  
tember, 1 in October. These cows are  
all young, good milkers, and extra  
heavy creamers, with calf to our full  
bred Guernsey bull, 8 Guernsey heif-  
ers will be fresh next fall and win-  
ter; 2 heifers, one 8 months and one 4

months old, 5 bulls: 1 Guernsey bull  
eligible to registry, will weigh 1500  
lbs. 2 young bulls fit for service, 2  
bulls 5 months old. These young cattle  
are home raised, all bred from our  
own stock.

#### 50 HEAD OF HOGS

6 brood sows due to farrow in  
March, April and May. 1 boar Ches-  
ter White and O. I. C. crossed, nine  
months old, will weigh 200 lbs. 42  
shots ranging in weight from 40 to  
100 lbs. These hogs are Chester  
White, Berkshire and Duroc Jersey  
red.

50 bushels seed corn, two kinds, 90  
day and Yellow Dent. Lot of ear corn  
by the bushel. 50 or 75 bushels of po-  
tatoes.  
Sale will begin at 12:30 p. m. at  
which time the terms will be made  
known by.

MOREEN McDANNEL,  
EDGAR McDANNEL.  
Ira P. Taylor, Auc-  
t. A. D. Sheely, Clerk.

We have stored several tons of the Hard-Wood  
ASHES in our warehouse. You can get it any  
time as long as it lasts. First come, first served.  
Car load International Sugar Feed, now here, best  
and cheapest on the market. **GUARANTEED AB-  
SOLUTELY PURE MANUFACTURED** by the Inter-  
Stock Feed Co.

A great milk producer—Try it; get right off the  
car **THURSDAY and FRIDAY.**

Z. J. PETERS, Guernsey, Pa.

## WILSON RAPS ALLIES' BLOCKADE

Will Take Stand Against Inter-  
ference With Shipping.

WON'T ALTER U. S. POLICY

Washington Government Will Ask  
Great Britain How They Propose to  
Hold Up Commerce Between Neu-  
trals and Germany.

Washington, March 3.—President  
Wilson, discussing the declaration by  
Great Britain and France of an em-  
bargo against all shipping to and from  
Germany and her allies, declared that  
no nation has a right to change the  
rules of warfare simply because the  
methods of war have changed.

The United States will send a note  
to Great Britain and France, it was  
announced, inquiring what means will  
be taken to carry out the policy of  
holding up commerce between neutral  
nations and Germany.

President Wilson told callers that  
the British-French note outlined in  
general terms a policy, but did not  
define the means of carrying it into  
effect.

The president indicated that the  
United States will not change its pre-  
viously announced position, but will  
continue to make efforts to have the  
belligerents respect American ship-  
ping of a non-contraband character.

The president said it was not clear  
in his own mind whether the new ac-  
tion of the Triple Entente nations es-  
tablished a blockade of Germany, al-  
though that would be the general ef-  
fect of the order.

The president indicated that even  
though a real blockade were estab-  
lished, no questions affecting the neu-  
trality of the United States would be  
precipitated by the continued voy-  
ages of American ships to Germany.

For American ships to sail for Ger-  
many, he said, would involve no viola-  
tion of neutrality, but merely the  
usual risk of the owner of the vessel  
and cargo in legal proceedings.

The minister from the Netherlands  
inquired at the state department what  
reply the United States intended to  
make. He desired to send word to his  
government, and the opinion was ex-  
pressed that the Netherlands, along  
with other neutrals, would send rep-  
resentations similar to those of this  
country.

The note which Great Britain and  
France presented was discussed at  
length by President Wilson with his  
cabinet. The disposition was to stand  
against continued interference with  
American shipping.

No formal protest will be made, it  
was understood, until the government  
has been clearly informed about the  
methods to be pursued by the allies.  
It was pointed out that the action of  
the allies is in clear disregard of the  
rights of this country, as well as of  
other neutral nations, and this, it is  
understood, will be emphasized in the  
representations from this government.

### 182 ENTOMBED IN MINE

Explosion Near Quinnimont, W. Va.,  
Does Damage 300 Yards Away.

Hinton, W. Va., March 3.—Working  
continuously for nearly twelve hours,  
rescuers had brought out alive only  
six of the 182 miners entombed in the  
Layland mines of the New River  
and Pocahontas Consolidated Coal  
company, near Quinnimont, by an ex-  
plosion.

One body, that of George Benker,  
was recovered by a rescue party near  
the entrance of mine No. 3.

From outside evidence the force of  
the explosion must have been terri-  
fic. The stone arch over the main en-  
trance of the workings was destroyed;  
windows within a 300-yard radius  
were broken and the explosion was  
felt for miles around.

A. B. Cooper, who was delivering  
groceries to a house within seventy-  
five yards of the mine entrance, was  
blown against a telegraph pole and  
killed.

The first rescue party which pen-  
etrated the mine, a drift working,  
found bad slate falls. They reported  
the air courses good.

Guard lines have been established  
about the workings and only workers  
are permitted within them. Company  
officials refuse to give out any infor-  
mation.

Most of the entombed miners are  
of foreign birth, but there are also  
a large number of Americans.

### Delaware Retains Whipping Post.

Dover, Del., March 3.—By a vote  
of 20 to 4 the house defeated Repre-  
sentative Downard's bill abolishing  
the whipping post. Opponents of the  
bill said the lash was necessary to  
keep in check "certain elements we  
have to look after."

### Belt Tears Arm Out.

Chester, Pa., March 3.—While re-  
pairing a belt on a shaft at the top of  
a high building at the General Chem-  
ical company's plant at Marcus Hook,  
Harvey Mears, a machinist, lost his  
right arm. It was torn from the  
socket.

### Names Mint Director.

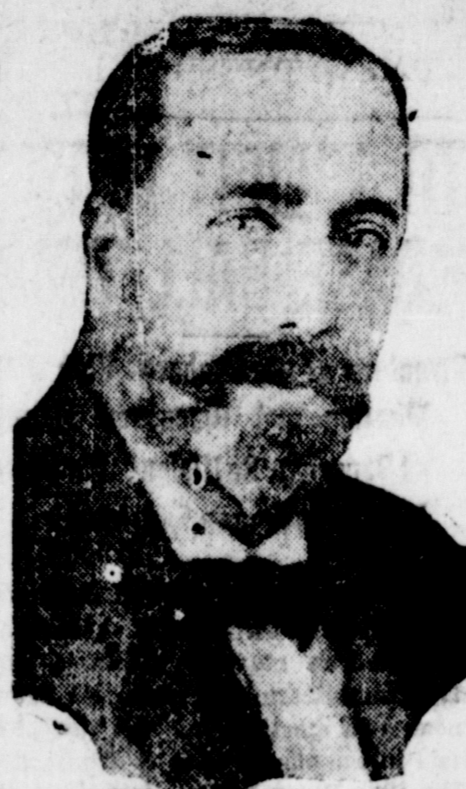
Washington, March 3.—Robert W.  
Wooley, of Fairfax, Va., now auditor  
for the interior department, was nom-  
inated by President Wilson as direc-  
tor of the mint, to succeed George  
W. Roberts, resigned.

Mar. 28—Palm Sunday. Beginning of  
Holy Week.

Mar. 28—Visit Baltimore Wander-  
lusts to Battlefield.

### DR. DERNBURG.

Said to Be Acting as Kaiser's  
Representative Here.



Following the rumors that Count  
von Bernstorff, the German ambas-  
sador to the United States, is to return  
to Germany and that his place is to  
be filled by Baron Tiedtke, comes the  
report that Dr. Dernburg, former Ger-  
man imperial minister for the colo-  
nies, has been acting in the capacity  
of a personal representative of the  
kaiser in America.

This suspicion is now coupled with  
the report of Count von Bernstorff's  
impending return to Berlin.

It is not known definitely that Dr.  
Dernburg has been making reports to  
the kaiser in regard to the state of  
feeling here concerning the war and  
the course pursued by Count von  
Bernstorff, but there is a strong be-  
lief that he has kept his emperor or  
his government very well informed on  
these subjects.

## KAISER AGREES TO OFFER ON WAR ZONE

Ready to Accept Practically All  
U. S. Proposals.

Berlin, March 3.—In its reply to the  
American note concerning the Ger-  
man naval war zone, the German gov-  
ernment agree that, under certain  
conditions its submarines will halt  
and investigate merchantmen and will  
proceed against only such vessels as  
are found to be carrying contraband  
or are owned in nations hostile to  
Germany.

The reply declares Germany's readi-  
ness to accept virtually all of the  
American proposals except the one  
which would restrict the use of an-  
chored mines to purely defensive pur-  
poses.

The German government expressed  
the belief that belligerents cannot af-  
ford to abandon entirely the use of  
anchored mines for offensive opera-  
tions. It is willing to consider the  
abandonment of floating mines.

In case German submarines take  
action, after investigation, against  
merchantmen carrying contraband or  
owned in hostile countries, it is agreed  
that such action will be in accord-  
ance with the general rules of inter-  
national law.

This presupposes, however, the  
abandonment of the use of neutral  
flags by merchantment of hostile na-  
tions or the arming of such merchant-  
men. If such tactics were employed  
Germany contends that it would be  
impossible to restrict the operations  
of submarines in this manner.

The reply suggests that there be  
constituted in the countries concern-  
ed American commissions to check  
supplies of foodstuffs for the use of  
civilian populations could be consign-  
ed. This plan, it is said, is con-  
templated in the American proposals.

### AGREE ON 18 SUBMARINES

The Conference Drop Three of Ocean  
Going Type.

Washington, March 3.—Conferees  
on the naval bill agreed on two bat-  
tleships, two submarines of ocean-  
going type instead of five, as the sen-  
ate wanted; sixteen coast defense  
submarines, six or more torpedo boat  
destroyers and one oil fuel ship.

The senate amendment appropriat-  
ing \$1,000,000 toward construction of  
an armor plate factory was stricken  
out.

### Young Man Killed in Auto Dash.

Uniontown, Pa., March 3.—In a wild  
dash over mountain roads, Joseph P.  
Riley, twenty-seven years old, of  
Belle Vernon, was instantly killed,  
and his companion, Bertha Jones, a  
maiden, of Pittsburgh, escaped  
practically unharmed when their au-  
tomobile turned turtle in Hopwood,  
near here.

### Zapatistas Attack Capital.

Galveston, Texas, March 3.—Unof-  
ficial reports received from Vera  
Cruz stated that Zapatistas attacked  
Mexico City on Monday night, after  
the electric wires within the capital  
had been cut, and that it is feared a  
massacre is in progress there.

### Youth Gone; Fear Murder.

Elkton, Md., March 3.—The mys-  
terious disappearance of Thomas Lin-  
dell, Jr., eighteen years old, of near  
Elkton, one night in the early part of  
last December, is being investigated  
by a detective. Poul play is now sus-  
pected.

WANTED: reliable girl for general  
housework and washing. Good wages.  
Address Mrs. C. J. Tyson, Flora Dale,  
Pa.—advertisement

## RUSSIANS GAIN IN POLAND

Germans on the Defensive in  
Northern Section.

NEW DRIVE IN BUKOWINA

The Czar's Forces Resume the Off-  
ensive in New Move on Czernowitz.  
Foe Repulsed, Says Berlin.

Petrograd, March 3.—Victorious in  
their operations against the Germans  
in Northern Poland, the Russians have  
now resumed the offensive in Buko-  
wina and southeastern Galicia, on the  
extreme left wing of the 700-mile bat-  
tle front.

They already have captured Sada-  
gora, a few miles north of Czernow-  
itz, the capital of Bukowina, and  
Kolomea, a Galician railway center,  
and they are bringing such heavy  
pressure to bear upon the Austro-Ger-  
man forces about Stanislan that the  
evacuation of this city is now immin-  
ent.

In northern Poland the losses suf-  
fered by the Germans have been so  
severe that they are now making no  
infantry attacks, their activities being  
confined to artillery bombardments  
of the fortress of Ossowiec and the  
Russian positions northwest of Grod-  
no.

The great number of prisoners taken  
by the Russians along the Niemen-  
Bor-Narew front has been increased  
by 10,000 captured at Przasnysz, and  
1300 taken at Grodno. In addition the  
Russians have captured about thirty  
machine guns along this front, togeth-  
er with ten cannon and enormous  
booty.

In the Carpathians the Germans and  
Austrians during the last two days  
have made numerous attacks upon the  
Russian front near Lupkow pass. These  
assaults, as usual, were made in  
mass formation, and as a result the  
attacking forces suffered heavy  
losses from the Russian artillery fire.  
All the attacks were repulsed.

### Foe Repulsed, Says Berlin.

Berlin, March 3.—The following  
statement was issued by the war of-  
fice:

"In the eastern arena of the war,  
the Russian advances to the southeast  
and south of the Augustowo forest  
have resulted in failure. Russian night  
attacks to the northeast of Lomza  
and to the east of Plock have been  
repulsed by our forces."

### Russia to Compel Education.

New York, March 2.—An officer of  
Czar Nicholas' household in a letter  
to a friend in this city writes that the  
second widespread reform to be ef-  
fected in Russia will be compulsory  
education.

The letter states that M. Kasso,  
minister of instruction and religion,  
is formulating a decree to be issued  
on the termination of the present hos-  
tilities and to be in full effect through-  
out the empire after a period of five  
years. The letter is being discussed  
by the ministers of the cabinet.

### CANADIANS TAKE TRENCH

Princess Patricia's Troops' Bold Dash  
Wins New Line.

London, March 3.—The following  
report from the headquarters of Sir  
John French, commander of the Brit-  
ish forces in the field, was given out  
by the official press bureau:

"The enemy's activities in the neigh-  
borhood of Ypres, reported in the last  
communications, have been checked.  
During the last three nights patrols  
which have been active in front of  
our trenches have found that the en-  
emy has not ventured to leave his  
lines."

"Early on the morning of March 1  
an attack preceded by a heavy bom-  
bardment made on a portion of our  
line was successfully repulsed. On  
our left a party of Princess Patricia's  
Canadian light infantry captured a  
German trench with great dash. Af-  
ter killing eleven of the occupants  
and driving off the remainder, they  
succeeded in blowing up the trench.  
Our losses were trifling."

"On our right, near La Bassée, we  
gained ground steadily by skillful  
trench work, and in this zone we ob-  
tained complete mastery over the en-  
emy's snipers and in consequence our  
casualties were greatly reduced."

"On several positions along our  
front our artillery forced the enemy's  
batteries to change position and in-  
creased the ascendancy over the op-  
posing guns which had been observ-  
able for some time past."

The German war office reported that  
French attacks in great force in the  
Champagne district had been repul-  
sed with heavy losses, hand-to-hand  
encounters having taken place on  
some parts of the line. In the Ar-  
gonne district Berlin announces the  
capture of eighty prisoners and five  
mine throwers.

### Ends Extra Session Talk.

Washington, March 3.—President  
Wilson stated definitely that he had  
abandoned plans for an extra session  
of the senate immediately after March  
4, and, up to the present, has not se-  
riously considered the suggestion of  
a special session of congress in Octo-  
ber.

LIGHT surrey, good as new, for  
sale, cheap. Inquire Times office.—ad-  
vertisement

### N. J. SENATE FOR OPTION

Provides For Vote on Question When  
30% of Citizens Request Election.  
Trenton, N. J., March 3.—The sen-  
ate passed the local option bill by a  
vote of 11 to 9, with one senator not  
voting.

The bill provides for a referendum  
on the question of local option when  
30 per cent of the citizens of a mun-  
cipality request a special election.  
The bill will now go to the house.

Senator Gaunt made a strong plea  
for the bill. He quoted the statement  
of former Judge Carey that 75 per  
cent of the men brought before him  
in the common pleas court owed their  
downfall to drink. He said that former  
Prosecutor Garvin, of Hudson county,  
had declared that 70 per cent of the  
crime in that county was due to the  
same cause. He declared that liquor  
made state dependents, and that an  
increase of \$1,300,000 is needed in New  
Jersey this year to care for its de-  
pendents.

### Six Massachusetts Towns Vote "Dry."

Boston, March 3.—Returns received  
from 178 towns holding annual meet-  
ings show that seven changed sides on  
the liquor question.

Clinton went "dry" for the first  
time since 1906; Athol, Norfolk, Ox-  
ford, Shelburne and Northwick also  
went "dry." Leominster went "wet" by 12  
votes. Middleton voted "wet" by a  
large majority.

## LOCAL OPTION WINS IN COMMITTEE

Vote to Support Brumbaugh  
Bill is 15 to 10.

Harrisburg, Pa., March 3.—The law  
and order committee of the house,  
after two hours of argument, voted to  
support Governor Brumbaugh in his  
local option fight.

By a vote of 15 to 10 it was decided  
to hold the bill in committee until the  
governor thinks that sentiment in  
favor of local option has become suf-  
ficiently crystallized.

The meeting of the committee was  
held behind closed doors at the re-  
quest of the "wet" members. The ar-  
gument over reporting the measure  
out at once was bitter all during the  
two hours, and even after the local  
option majority had won their victory  
the "wet" members attempted to force  
the bill on to the floor of the house  
by asking for public hearings and by  
requesting that the committee again  
consider the bill next week. These  
attempts failed.

Representatives Gans, Berry and  
Hackett, of Philadelphia, together  
with Representative John M. Flynn, of  
Elk, led the fight for the "wets." Rep-  
resentative Vickerman, of Allegheny,  
led the fight to keep the bill in com-  
mittee.

The governor was attacked for  
"abusing his power" and for "intimid-  
ation and coercion" by Representa-  
tives Gans and Hackett, of Philadel-  
phia, during the two hours of argu-  
ment.

Senator Gerberich, of Lebanon, in-  
troduced in the senate what is known  
as the pure liquor bill. A somewhat  
similar measure failed to pass the last  
legislature.

The bill prohibits the manufacture  
or sale of adulterated or misbranded  
alcoholic liquor and specifies what  
constitutes adulteration and misbrand-  
ing.

### WHEAT SKIDS TO \$1.41

The New Smash Downward Follows  
Initial Rally.

Chicago, March 3.—Notwithstanding  
the wheat market rallied somewhat  
from Monday's big break, acute weak-  
ness again appeared and a new smash  
in values followed.

Before the last hour of trading ex-  
treme losses of 6 1/2 cents had been  
recorded, May delivery falling to  
\$1.41 1/4, as against \$1.47 1/4 on Monday  
night.

Rumors that Turkey was about to  
sue for peace had much to do with the  
fresh setback. There was also de-  
cided nervousness in regard to shipping  
difficulties.

Export sales of a million or more  
bushels tended later to induce a re-  
moval of some of the depression. The  
close, nevertheless, was decidedly  
unsettled at \$1.42 1/4 for May, \$1.16 1/4  
for July.

### GENERAL MARKETS

PHILADELPHIA — FLOUR quiet;  
winter clear, \$6.50 @ 6.75; city mills,  
fancy, \$7.00 @ 7.25.  
RYE FLOUR firm; per barrel, \$6.75  
@ 7.  
WHEAT quiet; No. 2 red, \$1.49 @  
1.54.  
CORN quiet; No. 2 yellow, 77 1/2 @  
78 1/2.  
OATS firm; No. 2 white, 61 1/2 @  
62 1/2; lower grades, 60 @ 61 1/2.  
POULTRY — Live steady; hens, 14 1/2  
@ 15 1/4; old roosters, 11 @ 11 1/2.  
Dressed firm; choice fowls, 10c; old  
roosters, 14c.  
BUTTER firm; fancy creamery, 34c.  
EGGS steady; selected, 27 @ 29c.;  
nearby, 25c.; western, 25c.

Live Stock Prices.  
CHICAGO — HOGS higher; mixed  
hatch, \$6.45 @ 6.80; good heavy,  
\$6.45 @ 6.55; rough heavy, \$6.25 @ 6.40;  
light, \$6.30 @ 6.80; pigs, \$5.00 @ 6.00;  
bulls, \$6.00 @ 6.75.  
CATTLE — Steady to strong; beefs,  
\$5.75 @ 6.25; cows and heifers, \$3.50 @  
5.40; stockers and feeders, \$4.00 @  
6.10; Texans, \$6.75 @ 7.25; calves, \$8.50 @  
10.25.  
SHEEP — Strong; native and west-  
ern, \$4.75 @ 5.55; lambs, \$5.85 @ 9.00.

FOR SALE: horse, fearless of all  
objects. Safe for any one to drive.  
Also good buggy and harness. E. L.  
Fohl, Biglerville, Pa.—advertisement

## PERSONAL NOTES AND BRIEF ITEMS

Paragraphs of News Telling of the  
Happenings in and about Town  
People Visiting Here and Those  
Sojourning Elsewhere.

Miss Helen Foller, of Stratton  
street, is spending the day in York  
with friends.

S. M. Bushman, of Baltimore street,  
has gone to Philadelphia for several  
days.

Mrs. Harry Hoffman and son,  
Philip, who have been visiting at the  
home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Eber-  
hart, Chambersburg street, have re-  
turned to their home in Harrisburg.

T. P. Turner and J. L. Williams  
Esq. are in Harrisburg to-day on  
business.

C. Wm. Beales is spending the day  
in Harrisburg.

Mrs. William E. Stallsmith and  
son, Lester Stallsmith, have returned  
to their home at Parsons after spend-  
ing several days at the home of Mr.  
and Mrs. George W. Stallsmith, East  
Middle street.

John Raymond has returned to  
Chester after spending several days  
at his home on Chambersburg street.

Miss Esther Crouse, of Baltimore  
street, is visiting friends in Hanover  
and Littlestown for several days.

Miss Mattie Musselman, of Carlisle  
street, is spending the day in York.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Lippy, of Cham-  
bersburg street, are spending several  
days in Philadelphia.

Robert E. Atkinson, of Newtown, on  
his return home from State College,  
where he has been teaching the past  
winter spent the week-end with his  
uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. W. A.  
Miller, on Stratton street.

Mrs. Charles G. Rowan, of Buford  
street, is visiting in Hanover at the  
home of her mother who is ill.

W. H. A. Schmidt, who has been  
visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs.  
Harry Lackner, Chambersburg street,  
has gone to Waynesboro.

Charles S. Duncan Esq. and Miss  
Louise Duncan have returned from a  
trip of several days to Philadelphia.

John D. Keith Esq. has returned  
from a business trip of several days  
to Philadelphia.

Mrs. Hughes and Mrs. Fager, of  
Harrisburg, are guests of Mr. and  
Mrs. John Robertson at their home on  
Baltimore street.

George E. Stock, Baltimore street,  
is spending several days in Philadel-  
phia.

Brady Cox, of Chicago, is

# Big International Exposition's Amusements Novel and Wonderful

President Wilson Will Visit Panama-Pacific Display of Nations via Panama Canal--Vanderbilt Cup Race and Grand Prix Will Be Held In San Francisco.

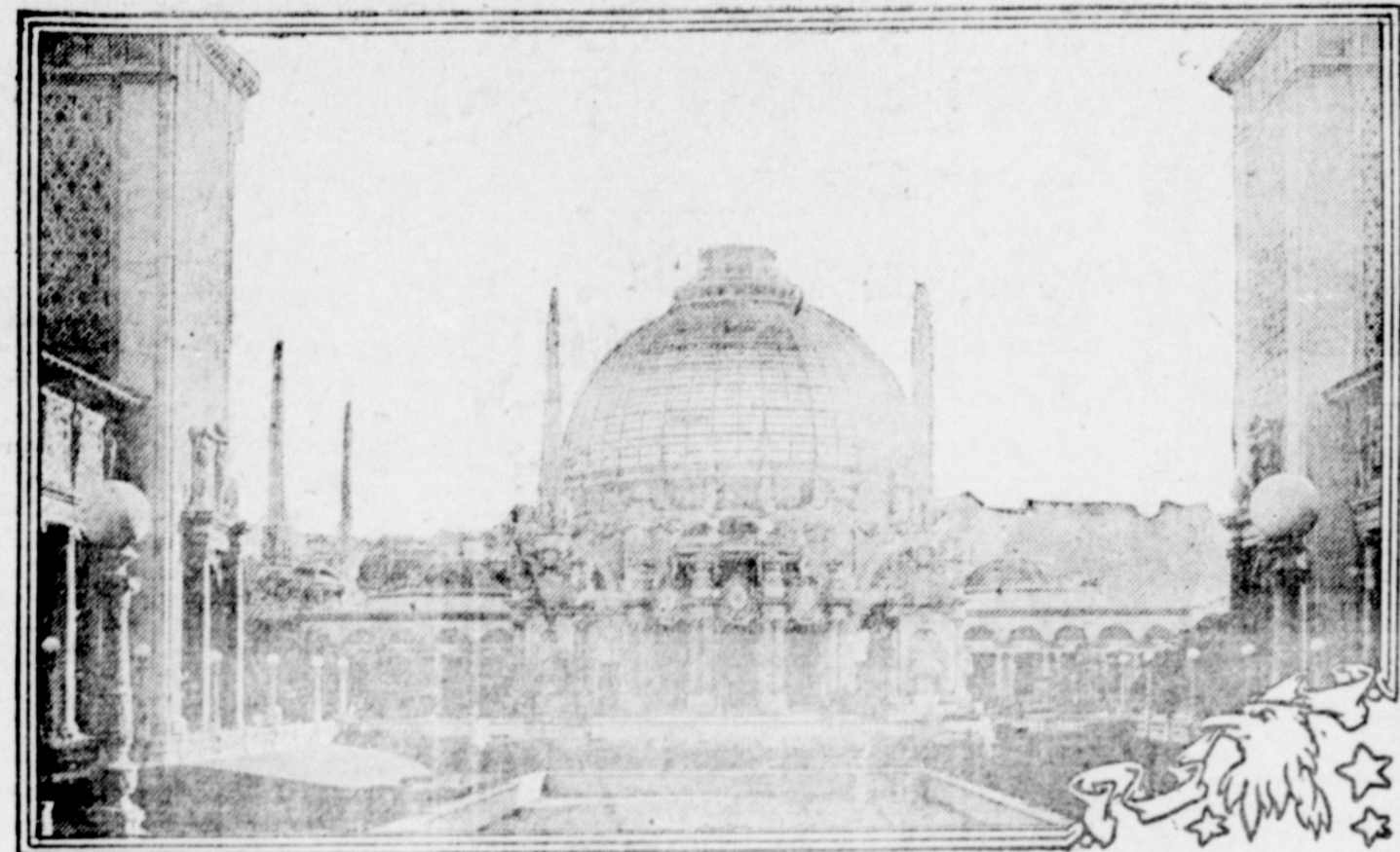
By HAMILTON WRIGHT.

WONDERFUL and novel amusements, parades and pageants of the oriental countries, auto and yacht races and athletic contests will be observed upon a scale of unexampled magnitude and grandeur at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition. The extensive participation of China, Japan, Siam and Indo and Cochinchina, when taken in connection with the plans already made and with the interesting oriental population of San Francisco, assures such spectacles as have never before been seen in the occident. Pageants of miles in length set off by wonderful floats and marvelous pyrotechnics will wind through the streets of San Francisco.

There will be held throughout the this event. The famous Salt Lake Mormon choir, the deep toned plaintive singers of Hawaii and even a chorus of fifty Maorian singers will take part in the choral events. At an expenditure of \$1,250,000 the Exposition has constructed a great Auditorium in the civic center of San Francisco, which will be used by the great conventions and song festivals. Mr. and Mrs. Douglas Crane will present their latest torchlight novelty, the "Exposition Torchlight." Mr. Harry Lander will sing the Exposition ballad.

The amusement section of the Exposition, the "Zone," corresponding to the famous "Midway" at the World's Columbian Exposition at Chicago, will carry out the purpose of the Exposition to give every feature a high educational value.

continental railways. The Grand Canyon concession is built upon so prodigious a scale that visitors will view the canyons from a standard gauge railway coach running on a standard gauge track. A huge working model of the Panama canal is so extensive that visitors seated in comfortable theater chairs will be carried along the route of the canal upon a movable platform, and a dictaphone at the arm of each chair will describe each scene as it comes into view. A novel amusement feature will be provided by working submarine boats of sixty-five tons displacement, which will operate in an artificial lagoon. The Aeroscope, a huge inverted pendulum, operating like a giant seesaw, with a great balancing weight on the short end and a car for passengers at the extremity of its long



WONDERFUL GLASS DOME OF THE PALACE OF HORTICULTURE, PANAMA-PACIFIC INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION, SAN FRANCISCO, 1915.

Palace of Horticulture, looking through the Court of Palms. This beautiful structure has a glass dome 185 feet high and 152 feet in diameter. Crowning the dome is a huge basket. The general style of the architecture is the French renaissance, with Saracenic modification. The extreme length of the palace is 672 feet and breadth 820 feet.

entire period of the Exposition, which opens Feb. 20, 1915, a series of great events, including sports and athletic contests of many kinds conducted upon a scale of great magnitude.

The Vanderbilt Automobile Cup Race and the Grand Prix, the two supreme events of the automobile year, will be held upon a four mile course, embracing a circuit of the Exposition palaces, a spectacular background far exceeding in beauty and grandeur any which ancient Rome beheld during its historic chariot races. The Vanderbilt Cup Race will take place on Feb. 22 and the Grand Prix on Feb. 27, 1915. Great motorboats of the deep sea cruiser type will race for a \$10,000 prize from New York through the Panama canal to the Golden Gate. A series of international yacht races in the twenty-one meter class will be held in San Francisco bay. President Woodrow Wilson, Emperor William of Germany and King George of England have each offered trophies in these events. Swimming, water polo, fly casting, canoeing, football, baseball and long distance foot racing are included in a series of more than 200 different kinds of contests. President Wilson himself will attend the Exposition, and it is probable the members of congress will attend in an especially chartered steamer.

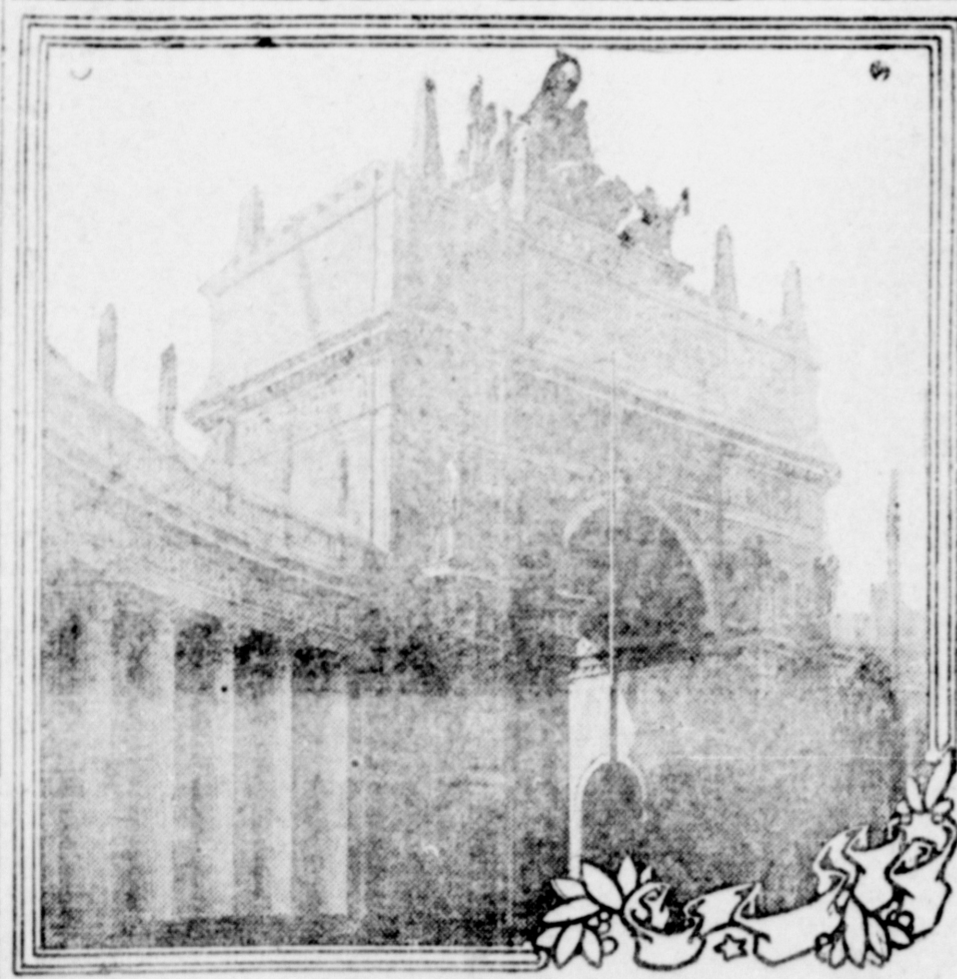
Of international interest will be the greatest live stock show in the world's history. More than \$500,000 will be awarded in prizes in a continuous live stock exhibit. Rare and valuable breeds of all kinds of live stock from distant countries of the globe will be shown. Specimens of the famous Chillingham wild white cattle will be exhibited for the first time. With the exception of two specimens at the London zoo, this breed has never been shown outside of Chillingham park, England. These cattle are pure white, with black noses, black tips to the ears and black horns. An international sheep shearing contest will be one of the unique exhibitions.

For the musical events there has been built by the Exposition the magnificent Festival Palace upon the grounds. This is equipped with a wonderful pipe organ, upon which Mr. Edwin Lemare, world famous organist, among other celebrities, will give a series of recitals. The International Elstvedoff will at San Francisco compete for \$25,000 in cash prizes. More than 20,000 singers will participate in

Slavery Originated in the East. Absolute slavery seems to have appeared in the eastern colonies somewhat earlier than in the southern, for slavery existed in New York in 1628, in New Jersey in 1628, in Massachusetts in 1630, in Connecticut in 1631 and in Delaware in 1636. There was a statutory recognition of slavery in Massachusetts in 1641, which was considerably antedated such recognition of slavery in Virginia or Maryland.

Nature Supreme. Not all the product of artificial greenhouses are so lovely as that of the fields, the country garden, the fence rows, the first roses, the daffodils, the arbutus which hides under the hillside leaves, the first buds of the rhododendrons and the other forms telling of the life blood drawn direct from the earth, while poor mankind has to take all second hand.

Imagine, for the purposes of illustration, the interest, action and novelty of ten great circuses like Barnum & Bailey's combined into a single "greatest show on earth" and presented at ten times the cost of the single production and an idea is gained of the originality of this section. A total of more than eleven millions of dollars has been expended in its establishment. The concessions, as these less serious features of the Exposition are known, include a great open air panoramic reproduction of the Yellowstone National park and a similar representation of the Grand Canyon of Arizona, presented by two of the transcon-



VAST TRIUMPHAL ARCH AT THE WORLD'S GREATEST EXPOSITION, THE PANAMA-PACIFIC INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION, SAN FRANCISCO, 1915.

Arch of the Setting Sun in the west entrance to the Court of the Universe at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition. Surmounting the arch is a group of statues representing "The Nations of the West." In the middle of the group is an emigrant wagon drawn by oxen. Riding in this is the figure of a woman, "The Mother of Tomorrow," and by her side are two children, "The Hopes of Tomorrow." Other figures represent an American Indian, a Mexican, an Alaskan and other American types.

Pipefish Has "Pocket." The pipefish, as it is called, from the length of its jaws, has a pocket on the under side of its body nearly half its length. It is found in the male species only, and is the only part of its body which is unprotected by large flat plates, which take the place of scales in its protective armor. In this pocket the young fish are carried very similar to the way the kangaroo carries its young.

Wonderful Cuban Caves. The wonderful caves of Bellamar, Cuba, to the east of Havana, attract the attention of the ambitious tourist. They are on a plateau as level as a table top, which presents no signs of the existence of such caves. After descending into the earth, however, a picture unfolds itself. Then come many passages, and at last the great "Gothic temple," 250 feet long and 80 feet wide.

er arm, will raise sightseers more than 325 feet above San Francisco bay, affording an unsurpassed view of the Exposition City and the Golden Gate.

Apart from the amusements, conventions and congresses, the vast pavilions, the superb pavilions of the nations and the magnificent state buildings, the Exposition itself is a sight well worth seeing. The giant exhibit palaces, the loftiest and most imposing exhibition buildings ever constructed, are in their architecture representative of the finest work of a commission of famous American architects, who freely collaborated with distinguished members of this profession abroad.

The vaquero rides very high on a huge saddle, with a long stirrup and straight leg, using a single rein and a very heavy curb, but he has such beautiful hands that, although using this barbarous bit, he never cuts his horse's mouth about. It is different with the animals' sides, however, for he uses his spurs without mercy, and the white horses--all have ominous red stains behind the girths.

All the herdsmen who look after cattle carry a long lance, called a garrocha, of thick and heavy wood, which, except when standing still, they always carry "in rest" and not "at the carry," presumably on account of its great length and possibly its weight. With this weapon, in the use of which he acquires amazing dexterity, the garrochista is able to control the most unruly brutes in the herd, not excepting the savage fighting bull.--Wide World Magazine.

Making a Record. Sir George Trevelyan told a curious little anecdote regarding an interview he had once had with Thackeray. The novelist was engaged at the time in writing "The Virginians," and in the middle of the conversation he commenced to ask each of the young men in the company what was the greatest length they had ever jumped.

The greatest jump claimed was twenty-two feet. "Well," said Thackeray, "then I will make Washington jump twenty-four." So reputations are made.--London Standard.

Offensively Officious. "You always go home exceedingly early, old man." "Yes. Our neighbors are the cause of that." "How so?" "If I stay downtown a minute late they come right over and condone with my wife."--Louisville Courier-Journal.

Caviar. Caviar is the roe of the sturgeon prepared as a table delicacy. As a dish too rare to be known by the generality of people and the flavor of which would not be relished by an uneducated palate, Shakespeare makes Hamlet speak of it.

Spanish Province of Almeria. The province of Almeria lies in the southernmost part of Spain bordering on the Mediterranean sea. It comprises 3,360 square miles, and in 1909 had a population of 359,013. Almeria, with a population of over 50,000, is its capital and principal seaport.

## FULL CREW LAWS HURT GRANGERS

Lack of Labor Keeps Farmers From Availing of Opportunities.

Philadelphia.

R. L. O'Donnell, chairman of the executive committee of the associated railroads, seeking support of the grange organizations of Pennsylvania and New Jersey in effecting repeal of the Full Crew Laws of those states, has addressed a personal letter to about 50,000 farmers in which he sets forth chief reasons for repeal.

Mr. O'Donnell cites the stand taken against Full Crew measures by the grangers of Texas, Missouri and New York. The farmers, he asserts, should feel secure repeal of those laws in Pennsylvania and New Jersey, not only because they are fundamentally bad legislation, and as such opposed to good government, but also because the farmers are confronted with labor problems which such laws make more difficult.

"This year," the letter reads in part, "because of the higher prices for farm produce, there is a call for increased plantings, and the greatest drawback you have in taking advantage of your opportunity this year is lack of labor.

"The men employed as a result of these laws have usually come from the farm, naturally seeking the higher pay which the railroads are obliged to give.

"This creation of extra jobs has called for the expenditure of over \$2,000,000 a year by railroads in Pennsylvania and New Jersey, which must be borne indirectly by the shippers. It has taken away from the railroads money which was needed for elimination of grade crossings, purchase of refrigerator and stock cars, construction of sidings in producing territory, and from general development work.

"There is no purpose to lay off men whose services are necessary to adequately man trains; the object is merely to eliminate men for whom there is no real necessity and for whom jobs exist only by edict of law."

The above article is furnished by the railroads in their efforts for the repeal of the Full Crew Bill.

## COWBOYS OF SPAIN.

Splendid Horsemen, but They Use Spurs Without Mercy.

The perfection of Spanish horsemanship is to be seen among the vaqueros, cowboys and charros, by which various names the mounted herdsmen of the Andalusian plains are known. In brief, what we should call a cowboy. Every farm seems to maintain a large number of these, for each herd, flock or drove has its own herdsmen, goatherd or swineherd, as the case may be. The vaqueros are a fine looking lot of men. Tall, thin, light and loosely made, they look ideal horsemen, as, in point of fact, they are, though their mounts are poor.

The vaquero rides very high on a huge saddle, with a long stirrup and straight leg, using a single rein and a very heavy curb, but he has such beautiful hands that, although using this barbarous bit, he never cuts his horse's mouth about. It is different with the animals' sides, however, for he uses his spurs without mercy, and the white horses--all have ominous red stains behind the girths.

All the herdsmen who look after cattle carry a long lance, called a garrocha, of thick and heavy wood, which, except when standing still, they always carry "in rest" and not "at the carry," presumably on account of its great length and possibly its weight. With this weapon, in the use of which he acquires amazing dexterity, the garrochista is able to control the most unruly brutes in the herd, not excepting the savage fighting bull.--Wide World Magazine.

Making a Record. Sir George Trevelyan told a curious little anecdote regarding an interview he had once had with Thackeray. The novelist was engaged at the time in writing "The Virginians," and in the middle of the conversation he commenced to ask each of the young men in the company what was the greatest length they had ever jumped.

The greatest jump claimed was twenty-two feet. "Well," said Thackeray, "then I will make Washington jump twenty-four." So reputations are made.--London Standard.

Offensively Officious. "You always go home exceedingly early, old man." "Yes. Our neighbors are the cause of that." "How so?" "If I stay downtown a minute late they come right over and condone with my wife."--Louisville Courier-Journal.

Caviar. Caviar is the roe of the sturgeon prepared as a table delicacy. As a dish too rare to be known by the generality of people and the flavor of which would not be relished by an uneducated palate, Shakespeare makes Hamlet speak of it.

Spanish Province of Almeria. The province of Almeria lies in the southernmost part of Spain bordering on the Mediterranean sea. It comprises 3,360 square miles, and in 1909 had a population of 359,013. Almeria, with a population of over 50,000, is its capital and principal seaport.

## THE COUNTY FAIR

By Peter Radford  
Lecturer National Farmers' Union

The farmer gets more out of the fair than anyone else. The fair to a city man is an entertainment; to a farmer it is education. Let us take a stroll through the fair grounds and linger a moment at a few of the points of greatest interest. We will first visit the mechanical department and hold communion with the world's greatest thinkers.

You are now attending a congress of the mental giants in mechanical science of all ages. They are addressing you in tongues of iron and steel and in language mute and powerful tell an eloquent story of the world's progress. The inventive geniuses are the most valuable farm hands we have and they perform an enduring service to mankind. We can all help others for a brief period while we live, but it takes a master mind to tower into the realm of science and light a torch of progress that will illuminate the pathway of civilization for future generations. The men who gave us the sickle, the binder, the cotton gin and hundreds of other valuable inventions work in every field on earth and will continue their labors as long as time. Their bright intellects have conquered death and they will live and serve mankind on and on forever, without money and without price. They have shown us how grand and noble it is to work for others; they have also taught us lessons in economy and efficiency, how to make one hour do the work of two or more; have lengthened our lives, multiplied our opportunities and taken toll off the back of humanity.

They are the most practical men the world ever produced. Their inventions have stood the acid test of utility and efficiency. Like all useful men, they do not seek publicity, yet millions of machines sing their praises from every harvest field on earth and as many plows turn the soil in mute applause of their marvelous achievements.

## FARMER RADFORD ON WOMAN SUFFRAGE

The home is the greatest contribution of women to the world, and the hearthstone is her throne. Our social structure is built around her, and social righteousness is in her charge. Her beautiful life lights the skies of hope and her refinement is the charm of twentieth century civilization. Her graces and her power are the cumulative products of generations of quietly conquest, and her crown of exalted womanhood is jeweled with the wisdom of saintly mothers. She has been a great factor in the glory of our country, and her noble achievements should not be marred or her hallowed influence blighted by the coarser duties of citizenship. American chivalry should never permit her to bear the burdens of defending and maintaining government, but should preserve her unassailed from the allied influences of politics, and protect her from the weighty responsibilities of the sordid affairs of life that will crush her ideals and lower her standards. The motherhood of the farm is our inspiration, she is the guardian of our domestic welfare and a guide to a higher life, but directing the affairs of government is not within woman's sphere, and political gossip would cause her to neglect the home, forget to mend our clothes and burn the biscuits.

## RURAL SOCIAL CENTERS

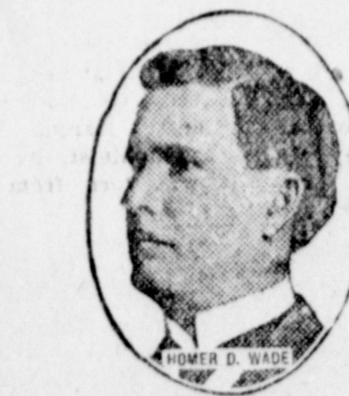
We need social centers where our young people can be entertained, amused and instructed under the direction of cultured, clean and competent leadership, where aesthetic surroundings stir the love for the beautiful, where art charges the atmosphere with inspiration and power, and innocent amusements instruct and brighten their lives.

To hold our young people on the farm we must make farm life more attractive as well as the business of farming more remunerative. The school house should be the social unit, properly equipped for nourishing and building character, so that the lives of our people can properly function around it and become supplied with the necessary elements of human thought and activity.

Education is a developing of the mind, not a stuffing of the memory. Digest what you read.

Old men have visions, young men have dreams. Successful farmers plow deep while sluggards sleep.

The growing of legumes will retard soil depletion and greatly add to its power to produce.



Daily Thought.  
Sympathy is the safeguard of the human soul against selfishness.--Carlyle.

## FOOD, FINGERS AND FLIES.

Three of the Factors Most Active in Spreading Disease.

There are three principal ways in which disease germs are carried from person to person, and these ways may be easily remembered by three catch words--food, fingers and flies.

The most important foods which carry disease are those which are eaten raw, since thorough cooking destroys disease germs and most cooked foods are only dangerous when they have been infected in the kitchen after cooking. Among raw foods, too, many, like oranges, are safe because they are peeled before eating.

All of foods the most dangerous are water and milk, because they are often polluted by sewage in the case of water, by human contact in the case of milk, because they are drunk promptly without time for the disease germs to die out and because, usually in the case of water and often in the case of milk, they are not cooked.

The second way in which disease germs are commonly spread is by means of contact between people themselves. Fingers, in the catch phrase, which all who value their health should try to bear in mind, stands not only for the fingers themselves, but for all sorts of ways in which disease germs may be exchanged.

In measles and whooping cough and scarlet fever and diphtheria and tuberculosis and many other diseases the germs are present in the nose and throat and are spread from person to person by the fingers, which go too often to the mouth and nose, by drinking cups and spoons and other things which too often are used in common and by the fine spray thrown out from the mouth in coughing and sneezing. In typhoid fever and diarrhea and similar diseases the germs are found in the intestinal discharges, and here, too, soiled fingers play an important part in the transmission of the disease.

The third common way in which disease germs are spread is by means of insects. Flies are perhaps the most important insect germ carriers in most states. They often pick up infected material on their legs and bodies and carry it to food, and where there is no good system of sewage disposal they may play a part in the spread of such diseases as typhoid fever. A certain kind of mosquito carries malaria, and this, too, is important in certain districts. In tropical countries a whole host of diseases is carried by insects.--New York American.

## Enlarged Tonsils and Adenoids.

Before operating to remove adenoids and tonsils the health of the child should always be built up. If there is an existing cold this must be treated and cured. If the teeth are decayed they must be filled. Treating the teeth and the practicing of deep breathing exercises will be all that is needed to cure tonsil disease if it is strictly local, and not the expression of a systematic condition or some recent infection.

## FLOATING HOMES.

Barge Dwellers of New York One of the Sights of the Harbor.

The lot of the harbor bargeman is not one for commiseration. He is far more independent and content than his neighbors in the fetid hives of the tenement districts which he sees from his barge as he floats past the river foot of New York's east side streets.

At evening his floating home is moored in a quiet dock. He may sit on his bit of deck and enjoy his after supper pipe in quiet as he gazes upon the darkling ripples of the water and listens to the dying roar of the city's busy day. His wife sits beside him, putting the last stitches in a gingham garment for their child, who already is in his bunk.

Their cabin is bright and clean without and within. White paint and green trimmings, a bit of striped awning and a little flagstaff are its outward embellishments. Muslin curtains at its tiny windows, geraniums on the sills, a cheery nickel clock on its own shelf above the stove, a neat red tablecloth, a homemade diamond rug upon a bright oilcloth--these give character to the living room, or galley. Within is the bedroom, perhaps 6 by 8 feet, with a white iron bed and a bunk above its foot, in which the son and his sleep peacefully.

There may be a cottage in New Jersey or down Long Island sound waiting this worthy couple when winter's ice closes the Hudson and ends their season's work, but they make the barge their home while on it.

Some of these barge homes shelter families of five or six persons. On some of the large covered railroad barges the skipper's house is on the roof. Its dimensions may be 10 by 30 feet, affording three rooms. In the "parlor" one would not be surprised to find a sofa, a music machine and racks of records and family portraits in crayon, all according to usage ashore, while the captain, being of a sporting turn, takes his family to sail on a Sunday in a gorgeously painted punt of his own building with leechboards to make it weatherly and a sail setting as neatly as the canvas of a cup defender.--Harper's Magazine.

## Scrapbook for Children.

A pretty and durable scrapbook for children can be made by sewing together several sheets of muslin of the desired size and pasting upon these pages bright colored pictures. The babies cannot tear these books and will derive much pleasure from them.

## The Fishing Banks.

Newfoundland would be nothing without the great submarine plateau known as the "banks," on which all the fishing is done. At a small station within the edges of the great bank that the cod loves so well the sea is quite smooth. It is usual for vessels fishing on the banks to inquire from those that have arrived from the open sea as to what sort of weather it is.--Exchange.

## "THE LITTLE WHITE SHOP" MILLINERY

Mildred B. Dubbs.

20 Baltimore Street. Gettysburg, Pa.

Begs to announce her  
SPRING OPENING

OF  
Tailored Hats and up to date Novelties in MILLINERY  
Saturday, MARCH 6th, 1915

## FOR SALE

One pair of dark bay mules sixteen hands high, one a good leader, the other a good off-side worker, four and five years old.

One pair of bay mules, two years old, good workers and are big mules. The one is a leader.

JOHN F. BISHOP,

R. I. Aspers, Pa.  
United phone.



## ..FURNITURE..

We have never had quite so much Furniture as we have just Now. We have prepared for the Early Spring Buyers in such a way that you will not only be astonished at the large stock but at the low prices as well.

We want you to come and look our Stock over. It is a pleasure to show you the goods even if you do not want to buy.

Judging from the amount of orders we have thus far taken this Spring, our Prices must be interesting.

We are also agent for the well-known STANDARD SEWING MACHINE.

BENDER,  
BALTO. ST., THE HOME FURNISHER



# PLOT TO SLAY AND PILLAGE EXPOSED

Rich Men in New York Marked For Death by Anarchists.

## THE POLICE ARREST TWO

Bomb Hurler at Altar of St. Patrick's Cathedral as 800 Persons Were at Worship Reveals Plot.

New York, March 3.—An attempt to blow up St. Patrick's Cathedral with a bomb and the arrest of two men by detectives who had been informed for months of their activities.

The arrests were followed by an announcement made at police headquarters that the arrests had balked an anarchist plot to kill with bombs Andrew Carnegie, John D. Rockefeller, John D. Rockefeller, Jr., and other wealthy men.

There after the anarchists, according to the police, were to start in New York city a reign of terror comparable only to the days of the French revolution.

It was part of the plot, the police assert, for kings of men armed with rifles and revolvers to appear simultaneously in various parts of the city to shoot and to pillage; the biggest banks of New York city were to be blown up and many wealthy men were to be slain.

The wrecking of the cathedral was to be the signal for the opening of the campaign of murder and looting. The next move, according to the police, was to place bombs in the homes of Andrew Carnegie, the Rockefellers and Cornelius Vanderbilt.

With these and other capitalists disposed of, the anarchists planned, according to the police, to invade the financial district and lay their bombs in the city's biggest banks. General looting was to follow.

For months a central office detective had worked in the inner circle of the anarchists, according to the police, and had kept the detective bureau advised of all their plans. This detective, Emilio Polignani, assisted in the manufacture of the bomb with which the attempt was to be made to blow up the cathedral. The detective accompanied the bomb thrower to the edifice and sat with him while he lighted the bomb and hurled it at the altar.

Immediately the cathedral, in which 800 persons sat at worship, became alive with detectives, whose presence had been unsuspected by the bomb carrier. Polignani, sitting beside him, placed him under arrest; detectives sitting in the pew behind dashed into the aisle and stamped out the sputtering fuse. The congregation hardly realized what had happened when it was all over and there was no panic.

At police headquarters the alleged bomb thrower said he was Frank Abarno, a printer, twenty-four years old. Soon after he was taken to headquarters, detectives, acting upon information given them by Polignani, arrested Charles Carone, eighteen years old, and charged him with complicity in the plot and with helping to make the bomb.

Abarno made this confession to Captain Tunney:

"I was in this job, but never in any other. I put those bombs in there. I had been told that Archbishop Corrigan and Archbishop Hughes and other big men in the church were buried under the floor where I put the bombs, and it was my hope that the explosion would open their graves and show the contempt we felt for them and their church."

"I am twenty-four years old and came to this country with my parents sixteen years ago. Up to four years ago I went regularly to mass in the Church of St. Loretta in Elizabeth street. I quit going to church four years ago, and since then I have hated the church because it is the enemy of the poor. It pays no taxes and caters to the rich."

"We anarchists hate the Catholic church because it fights anarchy all the time. Many a time I have hoisted at churches and priests and spit in the faces of nuns as they were leaving the church. Our plan is to terrorize the priests and the nuns and the poor fools who go to church."

"This was a terrible winter for the poor. Our group decided to do something. We decided to open a campaign against the Catholic and Protestant Episcopal churches, then to terrorize and perhaps destroy the homes of the Rockefellers, Carnegies and some of the Vanderbilts, and finally, when he had the city terrorized, to invade the banks at the head of an army of poor and help ourselves to the hoards of the rich."

"We fixed on St. Patrick's cathedral as the place to start, because it is the biggest Catholic church and our demonstration would go further."

Republicans Win in Maine.  
Portland, Me., March 3.—Elections in ten cities of Maine resulted in the choice of seven Republicans and three Democratic mayors. In Auburn, where the Progressives have been in control for three years, the Republicans elected Henry K. Porter mayor. Other Republican mayors were elected in Rockland, Waterville, Eastport, Ellsworth, Saco, South Lewiston and Hallowell.

I Will be in GETTYSBURG Every TUESDAY, At Pen. Myers' Jewelry Store To Examine Eyes and Fit Glasses. W. H. DINKLE, Graduate Optician

FRANK P. WALSH.

Chairman of the Federal Committee on Industrial Relations.



Photo by American Press Association.

## ROCKEFELLER, JR., HIT IN COLORADO REPORT

The Probers Urge Federal Legislation.

Washington, March 3.—A scathing arraignment of the Colorado militia for its treatment of striking miners and their families is contained in a voluminous report submitted to the house of representatives by the mines and mining sub-committee which investigated conditions in the Colorado coal fields.

While scoring conditions generally in the coal fields and criticizing many of the acts of the operators, including alleged violation of state laws, the committee reports that no evidence was found of a conspiracy in restraint of trade to limit the output of the mines, nor conclusive proof of the existence of peonage.

The committee appeals for arbitration in such situations. It declares that these disturbances are nationwide in their importance; that the federal government is the only power competent to deal with them, and, after referring to the testimony of John D. Rockefeller, Jr., who disclaimed responsibility for Colorado conditions, adds:

"Absentee owners or directors by their absence from the scene of such disturbances cannot escape their moral responsibility for conditions in and about properties in which they are interested."

The committee declares that Mr. Rockefeller did nothing to improve the condition of the employees of the company in which he is stockholder and director.

"Mr. Rockefeller," says the report, "a large stockholder of the most powerful company in the state, has done a great deal for the uplift of people in other parts of the country and in foreign lands, spending millions of dollars in this work, yet he has not endeavored to improve the condition of the more than 6000 employees in the company with which he is connected, and has not visited the state for more than ten years."

### WEATHER EVERYWHERE.

Observations of United States weather bureaus taken at 8 p. m. yesterday follow:

Temp.	Weather.
Albany.....	38 Clear.
Atlantic City....	42 Clear.
Boston.....	34 Clear.
Buffalo.....	23 Snow.
Chicago.....	30 Clear.
New Orleans....	50 Rain.
New York.....	38 Clear.
Philadelphia....	44 P. Cloudy.
St. Louis.....	40 Clear.
Washington.....	44 Clear.

The Weather.  
Fair today and tomorrow; north winds.

## CAMPFORS TRAIL OF BLOOD.

The Cost in Human Lives For Gathering the Pungent Drug.

Every drop of camphor you use is estimated to have cost at least its weight in human blood. There are few things which demand a heavier toll of lives than this pungent drug, which is so widely used for keeping moths out of our clothes and for making liniments and other remedies.

The reason for this is that the mountainous parts of the island of Formosa, from which the world gets most of its camphor, are inhabited by head hunting savages, whom the successive invaders of the island have been unable to subdue.

These savages are quite alive to the value of the camphor trees and fiercely oppose all attempts to get possession of the forests. Their hostility makes the gathering of camphor a most hazardous occupation and one in which a loaded rifle is the most indispensable tool.

Since the Japanese took the island after their successful campaign against China in the nineties they have been carrying on a carefully conceived plan of gradual penetration of the valuable camphor regions. They make paths six feet in width through the virgin forests. At intervals of every 120 yards stands a guardhouse, and every fourth or fifth guardhouse is a small fort, intrenched and defended by barbed wire entanglements, such as are being used on the battle grounds of Europe. Telephonic intercommunication, machine guns and all the resources of western military science are employed, and the lines are pushed gradually forward.

In spite of these elaborate precautions, the loss among the camphor gatherers amounts to hundreds of deaths annually.

It is calculated that Formosa contains about a million camphor trees, some 10,000 of which are cut down every year. At this rate the supply will be exhausted in a hundred years, but when the country is thoroughly peopled there is no doubt that the Japanese will see that reforestation is properly undertaken and an inexhaustible supply insured.

The savages who are making so much trouble are estimated to number about 120,000, and a further twelve years will, it is thought, be required to subdue them.—New York American.

### War's Deaths Merely a Trifle.

The total population of the earth is about 1,800,000,000. Annually there are added to it 14,000,000 souls. Every year at least 80,000,000 are born and 60,000,000 or 70,000,000 die. This means a daily birth rate of about 220,000, a death rate of 180,000. The daily increase in population is 40,000. In comparison with this irresistible swelling tide what are the greatest battles, wars or earthquakes but almost microscopic ripples? If we imagine that the power were given to some despot to order a wholesale slaughter and that millions were kept busy beheading one man every minute night and day this would add only three-quarters of 1 per cent to the existing death rate!—Scientific American.

### Ceremony and Cannon Balls.

There is a tale told about an officer who was conversing with Marlborough during a hot engagement and insisted on taking off his hat and bowing profoundly every time he spoke to the duke. That great man suggested that at such a time they might very well waive all ceremony. But the officer bowed deeply to his commander's suggestion, and just as he was bending down a cannon ball cleared him and took off the head of a comrade. The officer on coming up again and seeing what had happened remarked calmly: "Your grace perceives that one loses nothing by politeness."—London News.

### Luring the Bees.

The Arabs and Bedouins of Tripolitania profit by the industry of bees wherever vegetation abounds. At the swarming season empty hives are placed close to the old ones, and a trail of honey laid at each entrance. If a queen is disposed to fly away with her subjects lemon rind is rubbed on a wall near the hive; the quickly diffused, pungent odor attracts the bees, arrests their flight, and the lure of the honey at the portal completes their capture.

### In the Trench.

We live in trenches, and so few of us realize it. Life is a trench. Beside us are the jesters and the heroes, the living and the dead. In the intervals of our own escapements we make mud pies and gaze at the stars, or the sun's rays warm us and stir our loves and sentiments and cosmic cravings. We do not fight always in life's trench. Sometimes we lie asleep and dream, while others guard our sense of glory. And we helped to dig it.—Life.

## POPULAR MECHANICS

### Canadian Feldspar.

During the past four years the exports of Canadian feldspar to the United States have become prominent. The mining of feldspar was commenced in the Kingston district in 1890, when the amount mined was 700 tons. The first trial shipment of fifty tons of feldspar in 1893 was not a success. The second shipment, 972 tons, occurred in 1896. This year the amount will reach 16,000 tons. The entire production of Canadian feldspar is from the district about twenty miles north of the city of Kingston. It is used in the large potteries at Trenton, N. J., and East Liverpool, O., and in recent years the cheaper grade has been employed in manufacturing low grade sand soap.—Commerce Reports.

### Uses of Tungsten.

Tungsten is used principally as an alloy of high speed steel—that is, steel used in making tools used in metal turning lathes running at high speed—to which it imparts the property of holding temper at higher temperature than carbon steels will, according to the United States geological survey. Pure tungsten is practically insoluble in all the common acids. Its melting point is higher than that of any other metal, its tensile strength exceeds that of iron and nickel. It is paramagnetic. It can be drawn to smaller sizes than any other metal 60,000 inch in diameter, and its specific gravity is 70 per cent higher than that of lead.

### Assembling Piston Rings Properly.

Faulty compression on a gasoline engine is due in many cases to the fitting up of the piston rings—that is, all slots are located so that they are in line with the length of the piston. This forms a path for the gas to escape. Trouble of this nature can be easily avoided if care is taken when the engine is overhauled and reassembled. The slots of the rings should be staggered, and in addition the right and left slots should be alternated. Then even if the slots should happen to line up the path of the escaping gas is broken up more or less and very little compression is lost.

### Where Our Nickel Comes From.

Although the United States refines more nickel than any other country, practically all the ore used comes from Ontario and New Caledonia, Australia. It is there reduced to matte, according to the United States geological survey, and then shipped to this country for further reduction to metal. The only domestic nickel produced is a small quantity obtained from blister copper as a byproduct in electrolytic refining, and even this small quantity is so mixed as to source that what part of it is of domestic origin and what part is of foreign origin cannot be determined.

### Danger of Unclean Sod Pans.

Some automobile fires are caused by neglect to clean the machine carefully. In one instance what might have been a disastrous fire was caused by not keeping the sod pan clean, says Popular Mechanics. While cranking the motor a backfire ignited the oil in the sod pan, and great damage was avoided only by the quick action of the garage owners. It was apparent that the owner had not cleaned the sod pan for several months, and the accumulation was so great that it easily produced a large flame. It is well to clean out the oil dripping frequently.

### Many Spring Wheels Invented.

An average of thirty-five patents on spring wheels for motorcars and trucks have been granted per month since early last year, says the Scientific American. Not in several years has the crop of inventions along this line been as numerous as at present. About one out of twenty gets a real test, and less than one out of a hundred survives the trial stage. There are at present ten spring wheel designs in commercial use, four of them being often seen in New York city. The rest are born, reared and die with unfailing regularity.

### Restoring Color of White Shellac.

If kept in tin cans white shellac will often lose its color and turn a rusty brown. It can be restored in the following manner: Pour it into a wooden pail and stir with a long stick reaching to the bottom of the pail, at the same time adding dry oxalic acid, until the whiteness returns; then strain through cheesecloth into another can. White shellac, if kept in glass, stone, or wooden jars, will not lose its color readily.

### Chap Tubes Are Poor Economy.

It is false economy to purchase cheap inner tubes, for they will quickly put an expensive casing in the scrap pile.

## CORRECTED THE GENERAL.

The Gunner Thought He Might as Well Set Him Right.

Those famous British officers, General Havelock and Colonel Maude, were both short of men after the capture of Cawnpur, and they coveted twenty gunners of the Spurgin-Dickson force. Finally they could stand the temptation no longer, and with a "press gang" spirit in their minds, they went on board the steamer Burrampooter and picked out the best of them.

The poor fellows protested as well as they knew how, manufacturing all the Indian diseases they could think of, but to no avail. Necessity overrode compassion.

As soon as the men had been selected General Havelock ordered them to par-



SALUTED IN AN AWKWARD MANNER.

rade, and then proceeded with his usual pomp to deliver to them a Napoleonic oration.

"My men," he began, "I have come to thank you for so nobly volunteering to assist your country in the hour of her great peril." The general halted for breath.

The men evidently did not understand the situation and were puzzled at the precise meaning of the high sounding language. But one word was evident to them. As the speaker halted one of the gunners stepped forward out of line, saluted in an awkward manner and said:

"Beg pardon, sir, we ain't no volunteers at all; we only come because we was forced to."

Ready witted as the general was, this new view of the case took him so completely aback that he collapsed, and with a word brought the parade to a sudden end.

### Lofty Thoughts.

It is an old and familiar saying, but worth repeating every once in awhile because it means so much and is so tremendously true, "We are not what we think we are, but what we think we are."

### Didn't Ruffle Him.

M. Maeterlinck, unlike most men of letters, has one of the calmest natures imaginable. Nothing seems to ruffle his temper, and he takes all things as they come. While he was dining at a big restaurant some time ago a clumsy waiter spilled nearly a whole plate of clear soup down his back.

The author of "The Blue Bird" never turned a hair, but looking calmly at the flustered waiter, merely remarked:

"It was thick soup I asked for."

### Different From a Brick.

Franklin Matthews represented a newspaper during the Russo-Japanese war, and one day succeeded in breaking through the news censorship and reaching Field Marshal Oyama. The interview was brief, but extremely courteous, and the jubilant correspondent hurried back to prepare the story for his paper. In the course of it he used this expression: "Marshal Oyama is a brick."

The letter was duly passed along to the official translator, and presently Captain Kanaka of the marshal's personal staff called upon Matthews.

"Marshal Oyama presents his compliments," said the captain suavely, "and regrets to inform the esteemed correspondent that his honorable letter cannot be forwarded as written."

"Why, what's wrong with it?" cried the amazed war scribe.

Captain Kanaka explained with polite gravity: "Marshal Oyama," he said, "objects to having the great American public regard him as baked mud."

For that is what the extremely literal translator had made of "brick."

## The KITCHEN CUPBOARD

### MOLASSES CAKES.

MOLASSES cakes fit into our present hard time conditions. They are inexpensive and yet if made in the right way by the right cook are quite appetizing. They provide a simple sweet for the children and in that way help solve many lunch problems where the little folks must carry this meal to school.

### Cheap Layer Cakes.

Molasses Layer Cake.—Take one egg, a cupful of molasses, three tablespoonfuls of butter, a half cupful of boiling water, one and a half cupfuls of flour, a level teaspoonful of soda. Bake in square tins and, to put between the layers, use a cupful of confectioner's sugar and a level teaspoonful of ground cinnamon with milk to moisten.

Molasses Loaf Cake.—Take a cupful of molasses, a cupful boiling water, one-half cupful drippings, either beef or bacon; two tablespoonfuls sugar, one egg, a teaspoonful soda and spices to suit taste and flour to make stiff batter. Cream butter and sugar, add flour, molasses and egg, and lastly the boiling water. Beat hard. Bake either in loaf or two layers. Put layers together with a cupful sugar, six tablespoonfuls milk and a little butter boiled until thick and stirred and cooled enough to spread right.

### Cut in Squares.

Molasses Cream Cake.—Take a cupful of molasses, a rounded teaspoonful soda dissolved in one-half cupful boiling water. Pour this over shortening the size of an egg. Add a teaspoonful of spice and flour to make a stiff batter. Mix and roll out; put to make a sheet in pans. When baked frost with one-half pound of powdered sugar made into a thick paste with lemon juice. Cut in squares and remove from the pan.

Molasses Drop Cake.—Take one cupful of molasses, a cupful of brown sugar, one-half cup of shortening, one-half teaspoonful of salt, a teaspoonful of baking soda, three-fourths cupful of boiling water, three cupfuls of flour, a tablespoonful of crushed currants, a teaspoonful of cinnamon. Put molasses

sugar and shortening into bowl. Dissolve the soda in molasses cup with the boiling water and add salt and cinnamon. Sift flour and mix all well together; brush muffin tins with lard and fill two-thirds full. Put three or four currants in top. Bake in moderate oven.

Anna Thompson.

### IT WAS A "JIM" POEM.

But That Was Not the Only Reason Why Riley Liked It.

James Whitcomb Riley and Joel Chandler Harris figure in a story told by a writer in the New York Sun. They had sought rest and recuperation in a hotel among the southern mountains and wished to avoid the attempts of the other guests to lionize them. Much against their wills, however, they were constrained to appear at a "reading" from their own works, after having been routed from a seconded spot in the woods to which they had retired.

A young elocutionist had the center of the stage when they got to the hotel. She led off by announcing a poem by Mr. Riley. She recited it. It was about somebody named Jim. Riley looked impressed.

"Would you mind," he said when she had finished, "reciting that again?" She did not mind, and went at it. Riley wiped a tear away as she finished. Then he said, "Please recite it again, if you will."

She did it the third time, and Riley was even more affected.

"Do you know," he said, after she had ended, "I like that poem. It's a Jim poem. I always liked Jim poems. My own name is Jim. I always read Jim poems myself. But do you know why I like this Jim poem better than any other?"

The young woman eagerly asked why. The assembled guests leaned forward breathlessly to hear the answer.

"I like it," said Riley, "because it always reminds me of my dear old friend, Eugene Field. Eugene Field is the man who wrote that poem, you know."

## Easy & Practical Home Dress Making Lessons

Prepared Especially For This Newspaper by Pictorial Review

### BOLERO FROCK IN CHECKED LINEN.



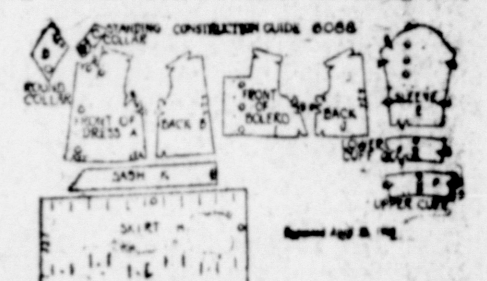
6088

A clever way of employing two materials in the development of a dress for a girl between the ages of six and fourteen years.

This dainty little frock is very practical for school girls and expresses the latest ideas in the combination of contrasting materials. Checked and plain linen are used in its development, the

pleated skirt and bolero jacket being of the former and underbust of the latter. Checked linen cuffs, however, finish the elbow sleeves of the underbust. Blue and white striped linen combined with white is a dainty combination, yet much brown and green are seen. The average size requires 2 yards of 36-inch material for bolero and skirt and 1 1/2 yard 36 inches wide for the underbust.

Beginning with the waist, the order of construction is as follows: waist, sleeve, skirt and bolero. Match the notches, then stitch the under-arm and shoulder seams. Hem the front, turning in at notches and watching the



large "O" perforations for the center. Gather lower edge of front between double "TT" perforations, and entire lower edge of back. Sew round collar to edge, center-back even and along small "o" perforations in front, large "O" perforations even.

Close sleeve and cuff seams as notched. Sew upper cuff to short sleeve, double "oo" perforations and seams even. Sew sleeve in armhole as notched, easing any fullness.

Close back seam of skirt from large "O" perforation to lower edge, finish edges above for opening. Turn hem at lower edge on double "oo" perforations. Form box-pleats, creasing on slot perforations, bring folded edges to corresponding small "o" perforations and bring fold near center-back to center; press pleats. Sew to lower edge of waist, centers even, large "O" perforation at under-arm seam.

Close under-arm seam of bolero as notched, close shoulder seam. Adjust to position on waist, centers even. A tiny edge of braid may be added to the decoration of the bolero, put on in outline effect.

Pictorial Review Dress No. 6088. Sizes 6, 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. Price, 15 cents.

## DOINGS OF THE VAN LOONS



Well, did you ever try to sell second-hand furniture?

NOW THAT WE MUST HAVE A NEW SET WATCH ME SELL THE OTHER PIECES. IT TAKES A SALESMAN TO GET THE PRICES WATCH ME AND LEARN!

HERE, SIR, IS A BUFFET THAT ORIGINALLY WAS A BARGAIN FOR \$77.90 AND THEY DON'T MAKE FURNITURE AS GOOD NOW-A-DAYS. IT'S IN PERFECT CONDITION! NOTICE THE PERFECT EXAMPLE OF "FROMAGE DE COLOGNE" DESIGN.

LOOK AT THE BEAUTIFULLY SELECTED PIECES OF QUARTERED OAK LOOK AT THE ELEGANT FINISH AND EXQUISITE HAND-CARVINGS ON IT, AND THE SPLENDID "GORGONZOLA" LEADED GLASS EFFECT!

WHERE DO YOU SEE JOINTS LIKE THESE, BOW-TAILED DOWNEYS AND PERFECTLY MATCHED. IT'LL NEVER COME APART IF YOU KNEED IT TIL THE DAY GABRIEL BLOWS HIS HORN!

I ASSURE YOU WE WOULD KEEP IT IF WE COULD AFFORD TO MATCH IT UP WITH OTHER PIECES WE NEED! HOW MUCH WILL YOU GIVE ME FOR THIS RARE SPECIMEN?

WELL, IF YOU'LL PAY HALF THE CARTAGE BILL, I'LL AGREE TO TAKE IT AWAY!

I Will be in GETTYSBURG Every TUESDAY, At Pen. Myers' Jewelry Store To Examine Eyes and Fit Glasses. W. H. DINKLE, Graduate Optician

## G. W. WEAVER & SON

Dry Goods Department Store.

### The New Dress Goods

ARE HERE.

All the wanted Weaves and Colors for Suits and Gowns

### The New Cotton Dress Goods

Both in Woven and Printed Goods

ARE HERE.

Greatest variety of the most popular Weaves and Colors many fine and rich enough for party and afternoon Gowns.

### New White Goods

ARE HERE.

White Dress Goods of every character for Confirmation, Brides and Bridesmaids Dresses with proper Laces, &c. for Trimmings.

If in need of anything in Dry Goods, come where Assortments give you a choice.

G. W. WEAVER & SON

## DISPERSION SALE

TUESDAY, MARCH 16, 1915.

The undersigned having sold his farm, known as the Ashland Stock Farm, 6 miles west of Gettysburg, Pa., and 1/2 mile south of M. Knightstown Station, will dispose of his entire stock and farming equipment at public auction.

18 HEAD OF HORSES, COLTS AND MULES

No. 1, Bay mare 12 years old, in foal, will work anywhere. No. 2, Roan mare rising 7 years, in foal, good driver and worker. No. 3, Bay mare 5 years old, in foal, will work anywhere. No. 4, Black mare 5 years old, in foal, works anywhere. Nos. 5 and 6, Pair black mares rising 10 years old, large, good leaders, will work anywhere. Nos. 7 and 8, Pair bay mares, rising 4 years, work single or double, will make a pair of general purpose mares. Nos. 9 and 10, Pair blacks rising 3 years, mare & gelding and will get large. Nos. 11 and 12, Pair roan mares rising 3 years. Nos. 13 and 14, Pair roan geldings rising 3 years. No. 15, Bay mare colt rising 2 years. No. 16, Black mare colt rising 2 years. No. 17 and 18, Pair black mares rising 2 years, bred from Percheron mares, and will get large, are as large as 3 year olds now. Anyone in need of good Percheron brood mares, in foal, fillies or geldings and general purpose horses, with quality, that will get large, should not miss this opportunity.

36 HEAD OF CATTLE, 15 REGISTERED SHORTHORNS

6 young cows, 4 heifers; one will be fresh in Sept., the balance not bred. 5 bulls; herd bull 3 years old, one twelve months old, one eleven months, one five months, one 6 weeks. These cattle have recently passed the tubercular retest and can be shipped into any State. 21 steers ranging in weight from 600 to 900 lbs.

### 45 Registered Poland China Hogs

11 sows with pigs by side, or bred to farrow. 2 herd boars, one 2 1/2 years, one 10 months. 18 boars and sows ranging in age from 3 to 7 months. Balance shots are ranging in weight from 75 to 125 pounds. Here is an opportunity for breeders and farmers to buy good Big Type Poland Chinas at their own price. Every animal a guaranteed breeder, with proper care. Will sell sexes not akin both young and old.

#### FARMING IMPLEMENTS

2 wagons with beds; 4-horse Acme, 3 inch tread, 4 tons capacity; Studebaker, 3 inch tread, 3 tons capacity. Osborne binder, 7 ft. cut, 2 mowers; Deering, 5 ft. cut; Johnson, 5 ft. cut. Lord Baltimore hay loader; Walter A. Wood side-delivery rake; Tiger rake; Spangler grain drill; Grass seeder; land roller; Superior check row corn planter, with disks; Daisy single row corn planter; Superior disk harrow; 2 sulky corn cultivators; walking cultivator; 5 shovel lever cultivator; 3 single cultivators; single shovel plow; Syracuse plow, No. 97, and two extra beams and mould boards; Roland Chilled plow, No. 43; 3 spring harrows, 2 have 18 teeth, one 22; Syracuse lever spike harrow; No. 11 Blizard ensilage cutter on truck, with 32 ft. of blow pipe, and 20 ft. distributing pipe; 2 shredder bars and four knives; No. 11 Tornado cutter; 3 sets hay carriages, 18 and 20 ft. long; Chatham fanning mill with 18 screens and barge; King road drag; 2 harpoon hay forks, grip fork with pulleys, and 125 ft. rope; American platform scales, 600 lbs. Some of this machinery is new, and the rest practically new and in good repair. Spring wagon with pole; road wagon; Portland sleigh; Kelly Springfield rubber tire carriage with pole, nearly new, run about 150 miles; 2 sheep feeders; wheelbarrow; 2, 3 and 4 horse trees; single trees; middle rings; grain cradle, chains of all kinds; forks, shovels, rakes, rope and tackle.

#### HARNESS

2 sets breechbands, 6 sets front gears, 8 bridles, 8 collars, check lines, plow lines, hitching straps, 8 flynets, riding bridle pair hobbles, set double harness, new; housings, lead reins, halters 12 leather cow halters and hitching strap, 1 1/2 H. P. Aerometer gasoline engine, with shafting, pulleys, friction pulley to use with separator, and belts and equipment to attach to barrel spray pump. Spray pump and barrel, hose bamboos and nozzles; 1/2 barrel Scale-cue, No. 4 Sharpless cream separator, in good condition, can be operated by hand or power; barrel churn with pulleys; power Positive washing machine and wringer; window and door screens; buffet, large sink, pruning saws and clippers. Ninety Day and Yellow Dent seed corn. M. B. turkeys; B. Rock and White Wyandotte cockerels and pullets.

Sale to begin at 10 o'clock. A credit will be given. Further terms will be made known on day of sale. Anyone interested write for catalogue.

C. A. HERSHEY.

Anthony and Martz, Auctioneers, Lower, Clerk.

McKnightstown.

## DULL, SPLITTING, SICK HEADACHE

Dr. James' Headache Powders relieve at once—10 cents a package.

You take a Dr. James' Headache Powder and in just a few moments your head clears and all neuralgia and distress vanishes. It's the quickest and surest relief for headache, whether dull, throbbing, splitting or nerve-racking. Send someone to the drug store and get a dime package now. Quit suffering—it's so needless. Be sure you get Dr. James' Headache Powders—then there will be no disappointment.

## Custom Hatching

1200 egg capacity, not less than 75 eggs taken. Day old chicks specialty.

Send your order now.

BELA L. BUCHER  
Ortanna, Pa.

## WANTED

Reliable, experienced man on stock and grain farm near Gettysburg. Convenient and desirable house furnished.

Apply with reference to "A" care Times Office.

DR. J. W. TUDOR  
DENTIST  
BETHLEHEM, PA.  
Thomas Building

Office Hours  
8 a. m. to 12 m.  
1 p. m. to 8 p. m.  
TEETH  
WITHOUT PAIN

At Elk Horn Hotel, BENDERSVILLE, every first and third Tuesday of each month.

## Eggs for Hatching!

PURE BRED  
R. C. Rhode Island Red.  
Good Utility Stock.  
50c. per 15, or \$3.00 per 100  
ELLIS J. BREAN,  
R. 1, Fairfield, Pa.  
Phone 631U.

## Thompson's Imperial Ringlett Barred Rock Eggs

for hatching \$1.00 per setting, 15 eggs.

Emory E. Sheely  
Arendtsville, Pa.

## Burning Corn Pains Go! A Sure Safe Method

You can't beat it. Time has proved it's the best yet. Takes all the sting out of a sore corn. This marvelous remedy is Putman's Corn Extractor. Contains no flesh eating caustics. Lifts corn out by the roots. Leaves no scar. Don't experiment with plasters or salves—they are but stop-gaps. Use Putman's and clear off every corn you have. It's safe and won't fail, 25c. at all dealers everywhere.

DR. M. T. DILL  
DENTIST  
BIGLERVILLE PA

Will be at York Springs Wednesday of Each Week. Bendersville Friday of Each Week.

S. C. BUFF ORPINGTON  
Eggs for Hatching.  
75C Setting of 15, 75C.

GEO. A. TAYLOR  
Gettysburg, Pa.

Medical Advertising  
COUGHS AND BRONCHITIS

relieved instantly with 2 ounces of Schiffmann's Concentrated Expecto-rant. A whole pint costs 50 cents. Money refunded if not perfectly satisfactory by People's Drug Store.

## The Colonel's Duel

By M. QUAD

Copyright, 1915, by the McClure Newspaper Syndicate.

After supper a dozen or more of us congregated in the hotel office for a smoke, and presently the landlord came among us to say:

"Gentlemen, we have a fire enter in this town named Colonel Sebastian. He has several peculiar theories of his own, and I wish to post you in advance. He is very strong in his talk and should you differ with him he will challenge you to a duel. The colonel is a dead shot, and I hope you'll take a friendly tip and not engage in a discussion. Let him have his own way and never mind what he says."

The colonel had never killed any one yet, but that he stood ready to do so if his opinions were disputed the landlord felt dead certain, and so we agreed to agree with the colonel if he came in—all but one. The exception was the smallest and the most humble looking man among the guests. No one knew that he had made up his mind to oppose the colonel, and when the latter entered, half an hour later, he picked him out of the crowd as a good man to go for. He got alongside of him and after a bit turned on him with:

"Perhaps you have not been informed that I am the originator of the idea that all men were once animals of some sort and that perfection has been reached only after many centuries of time?"

"No, sir, I haven't," was the prompt reply.

"But I am, sub, and what do you think of the idea?"

"What idea?"

"Why, the one just stated. I think you heard me, sub—I think you did."

"Oh, I remember! Well, I don't train with that crowd, thank heaven!"

"Sub, do you know what you are saying?" cried the colonel.

"I do."

"And that your language, sub, is personally offensive—personally offensive!"

"I'm sorry you belong to the crowd who furnishes great ideas."

"Crowd, sub! Why, you have grossly insulted me and must at once apologize or accept a challenge!"

"Bring on your challenge, colonel!"

"Then you will fight me, sub?"

"Certainly. Just name time, place and weapons. By the way, I want to leave in the morning. Can't we fight in the billiard room, out in the yard, up in my room? No use waiting until tomorrow."

"And you'll fight me, sub?" gasped the colonel.

"With the greatest of pleasure, and I'll bet a thousand dollars to a shilling I kill you. Where can we get swords, rifles, pistols or bowie knives? I am just aching to fight you!"

"Were you told about me, sub, before I appeared here this evening?"

"You were told that I was Colonel Sebastian?"

"I believe that was the name."

"The Colonel Sebastian of the Fifteenth Texas?"

"Yes, the Tenth or the Fifteenth."

"Who led the charge at Malvern Hill?"

"It was something like that."

"Not only one charge, sub, but three—three desperate charges!"

"They say five, but let it go at three."

"And, sub," said the colonel as he frowned like a bushel of carpet tacks, "did you hear that I was a duelist?"

"Something was said to that effect."

"And that I had had twelve affairs of honor?"

"Only twelve, colonel? Why I understood it was twenty," replied the other. "Well, this one will make you thirteen."

"Yes, sub—yes, sub. Will you honor me by giving your name?"

"Name? Please excuse me for my forgetfulness. Did you ever hear of General Chivers?"

"Why—why?"

"Of the Louisiana Tigers?"

"Who—what?"

"Who led nine desperate charges at second Bull Run?"

"Bless me, sub!"

"And who has killed three times the number of men that you have in duels?"

"General Chivers?"

"Never mind that, colonel. You have challenged me, and I accept. Let us have it over with as soon as possible, as I have some business to attend to."

"General Chivers?"

"I choose pistols, and I don't think it will detain me over five minutes. Where shall we go?"

The colonel swallowed his Adam's apple three or four times and then asked:

"You—you won't apologize?"

"No, sir, never! My object is to kill you and get a theorist off the earth. Hurry up, or I may not be able to hold myself!"

The colonel was on his feet, but he drew himself up, settled his hat on his head and his face was as white as flour and his voice trembled as he said:

"Sub, I am a fighter and a dead shot, but as this is my birthday, sub, and I don't want to stain it with blood I overlook your rather eccentric ways."

"And when the silence had lasted five long minutes the landlord turned to the small and humble man and gasped:

"For heaven's sake, who and what are you?"

"Oh, I'm just Simmons, and I travel for a Chicago crockery house. This is my first trip."

Making It Personal.

It is sad to see family relics sold at auction, but the most painful thing under the hammer is generally your thumb nail.

Medical Advertising

## Keep Your Lungs Strong

This advice is doubly important with the knowledge that every three minutes some one in the United States succumbs to consumption and many refuse to realize they are afflicted until it is too late.

It is after colds or sickness, from overwork, confining duties or when general weakness exists that tubercular germs thrive because the resistive powers of the body are weakened.

Only with fresh air, sunshine and abundant rich blood can one hope to arrest their progress, and the concentrated fat in Scott's Emulsion furnish fuel for rich blood, and its rare nourishment helps strengthen the lungs while it builds up the forces.

If you work indoors, tire easily, feel languid or run-down Scott's Emulsion is the most strengthening food-medicine known and is free from alcohol or stupefying drugs. Avoid substitutes.

14-63 Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N. J.

## THE WESTERN MARYLAND RAILWAY

Effective Sunday, Sept. 27, 1914.

Daily, leave 5:50 a. m., for Baltimore, stopping at Hanover.

Daily except Sunday, leave 8:39 a. m., for York and intermediate stations.

Daily, 3:44 p. m., for Baltimore, York and intermediate stations. No connection for York on Sunday.

Daily, 10:09 a. m., for Hagerstown, and intermediate stations and he West.

Daily except Sunday, 5:38 p. m., for Hagerstown and intermediate stations.

Daily, 11:22 p. m., for Hagerstown, Cumberland and Pittsburgh.

Medical Advertising

## TO DARKEN HAIR APPLY SAGE TEA

Look Young! Bring Back Its Natural Color, Gloss and Thickness.

Common garden sage brewed into a heavy tea with sulphur and alcohol added, will turn gray, streaked and faded hair beautifully dark and luxuriant, remove every bit of dandruff, stop scalp itching and falling hair, urant, remove every bit of dandruff. Just a few applications will prove a revelation if your hair is fading, gray or dry, scraggly and thin. Mixing the is to get the ready-to-use tonic, cost-Sage Tea and Sulphur recipe at home, though, is troublesome. An easier way, ing about 50 cents a large bottle at drug stores, known as "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy" thus avoiding a lot of fuss.

While wispy, gray, faded hair is not sinful, we all desire to retain our youthful appearance and attractiveness. By darkening your hair with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur, no one can tell, because it does it so naturally, so evenly. You just dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning all gray hairs have disappeared, and, after another application or two, your hair becomes beautifully dark, glossy, soft and luxuriant.

## For Rent

Small Farm Containing 28 ACRES, between W. Confederate Ave. and Pitzer's School House.

APPLY TO

Thomas Flaharty  
R. 3, Gettysburg

## SHOES REDUCED

Men's and Women's winter weight Shoes way down in price to make way for spring goods.

Men's Shoes \$1.48, \$1.98, \$2.48 and \$2.98

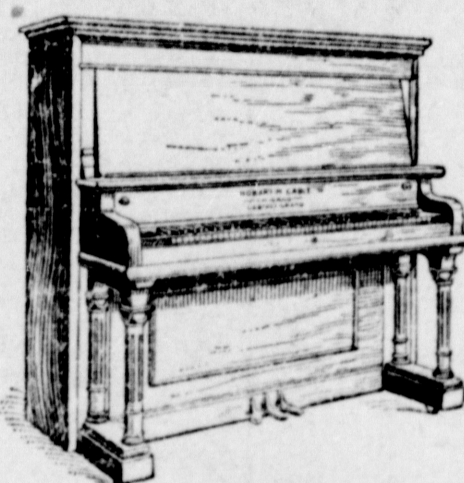
Women's Shoes 98c, \$1.28, \$1.48, \$1.98, and \$2.48

CHILDREN'S SHOES GREATLY REDUCED

O. H. LESTZ,

Cor. Square and Carlisle St.

GETTYSBURG



## Piano Bargains

Don't Miss This Sale If You Have Use For a Piano.

New Uprights from \$175 up.  
New Player Pianos from \$375 up  
Second-hand Organs Cheap.  
Victrolas and Records at Regular Prices

COME NOW AND GET YOUR PICK

STOOL, SCARF AND FREE TUNING WITH EACH PIANO.

Sale Closes March 12, 1915

Organs Cleaned and Repaired.

## Spangler's Music House,

48 York Street, Gettysburg, Pa.

## A - Plentiful - Harvest of Beautiful Fabrics for SPRING and SUMMER

are on Display and await your inspection.

J. D. LIPPY, Tailor.

Store open every evening.

## FUNKHOUSER'S LIVE : WIRE : SALE : NO. : 3

Owing to the success of our Coat and Coats Suit Sale of last week we will continue the special prices on all Ladie's Suits, Top Coats and Skirts for this week.

Suits---\$2.98, 4.98 and 6.98

COATS—less than half price.

Skirts---.98 to \$3.98

There is positively only a few left.

We will also continue the UMBRELLA Sale of 1c. for all those whose purchases amount to \$5.00 or over. Only 1 to a Customer.

At the same time don't overlook our new arrivals of Spring Goods Everyday brings some new style in

LADIE'S DEPT.

Suits, Coats, Skirts, Waists, Hosiery and Neckfixings. Children and Misses beautiful Wash Dresses. Large selection.

MEN'S DEPT.

Suits, snappy styles, Hats, Caps, Oxford, Shirts and Neckwear. Boy's Suits special variety.

ALWAYS LEADING

FUNKHOUSER'S

"THE HOME OF FINE CLOTHES"